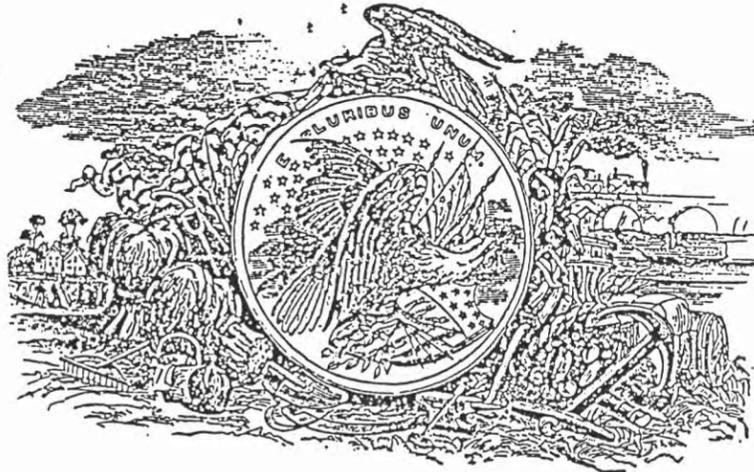


HISTORICAL ATLAS

OF



LEWIS COUNTY, MISSOURI.

1878.

MAPS.

	PAGE.		
Canton, Plat of,	16	Town 60 North. Ranges 5 and 6 West,	2
Durham, Plat of,	17	Town 61 North. Range 6 West,	3
Lewis County, Map of,	1	Town 62 North. Range 6 West,	4
Lewistown, Plat of,	17	Town 63 North. Range 6 West,	5
La Grange, Plat of,	18	Town 63 North. Range 7 West,	5
La Belle, Plat of,	19	Town 62 North. Range 7 West,	6
Maywood Station, Plat of,	17	Town 61 North. Range 7 West,	7
Monticello, Plat of,	17	Town 60 North. Range 7 West,	8
Missouri, Map of,	24	Town 60 North. Range 8 West,	9
Steffenville, Plat of,	17	Town 61 North. Range 8 West,	10
Tolona, Plat of,	17	Town 62 North. Range 8 West,	11
Williamstown, Plat of,	19	Town 63 North. Range 8 West,	12
Business References,	22	Town 63 North. Range 9 West,	12
History,	20-22	Town 62 North. Range 9 West,	13
Patrons' List,	23	Town 61 North. Range 9 West,	14
		Town 60 North. Range 9 West,	15

MAP REFERENCES.

Farm Houses.....	■
School Houses.....	▣
Churches.....	⊕
Coal Mines.....	⊠
Brick and Lime Kilns.....	#
Cemeteries.....	⊞

Farm Lines.....	—
Private Roads.....	—
Public Roads.....	—
Railroads, Projected.....	—
Railroads, Completed,.....	—
Springs and Creeks.....	—

FOR COPIES OF "LEWIS CO MO 1878 ATLAS MAPS" WRITE

Each book \$10.00 plus \$1.00 p/h

1988

K WILHAM GENEALOGICAL
RESEARCH & PUBLISHING
RR 1 BOX 150
SHELBYVILLE, MO 63469

FAMILY HISTORY LIBRARY
 35 NORTH WEST TEMPLE
 SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84150

0222636

us/can
 Q AREA
 977-8345
 E7h

TOWNSHIP 60 NORTH RANGE 5 & 6 WEST.

OF THE 5TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN.

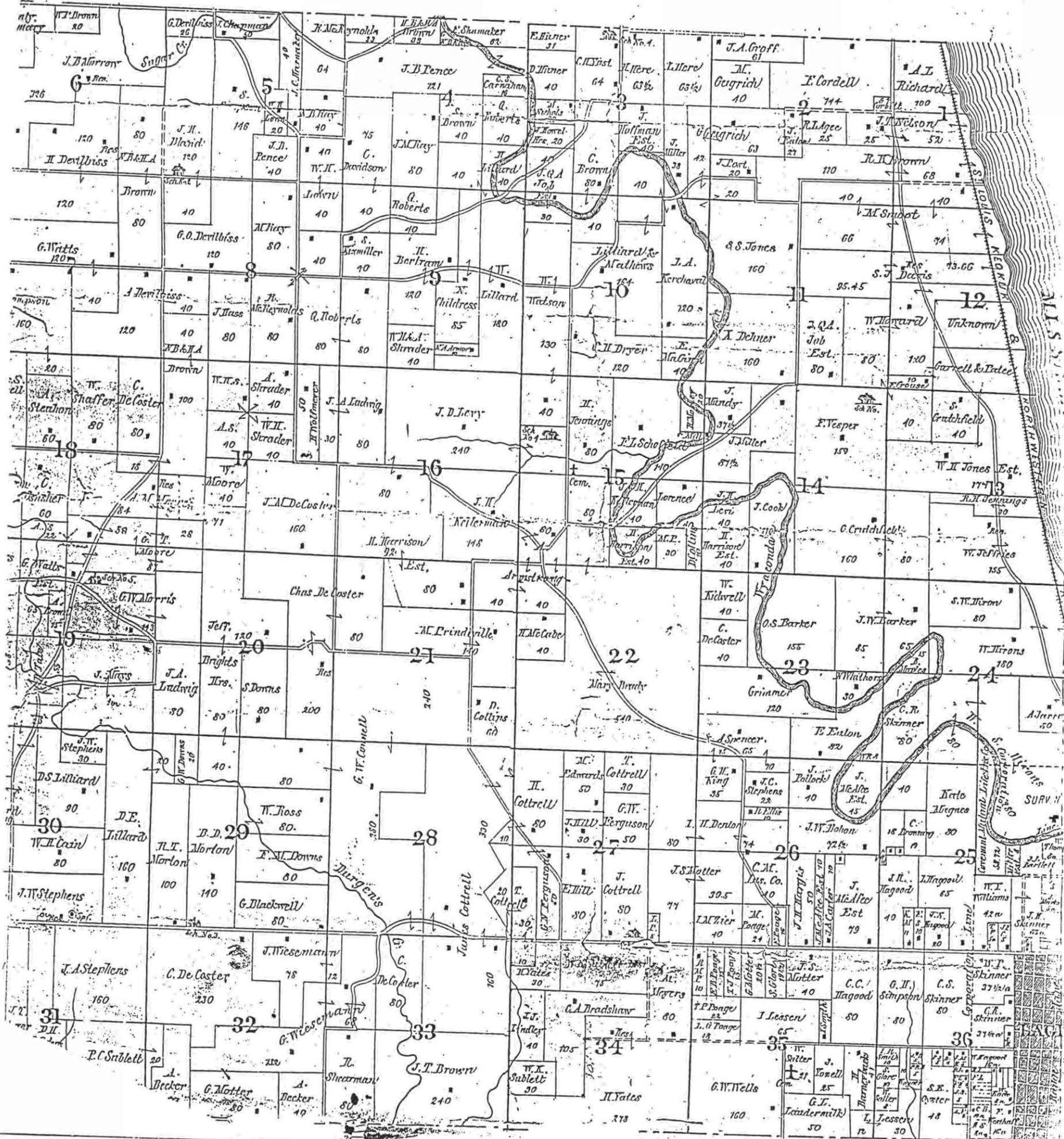
Scale 2 Inches to the Mile.



TOWNSHIP 61 NORTH RANGE 5 & 6 WEST.

OF THE 5TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN.

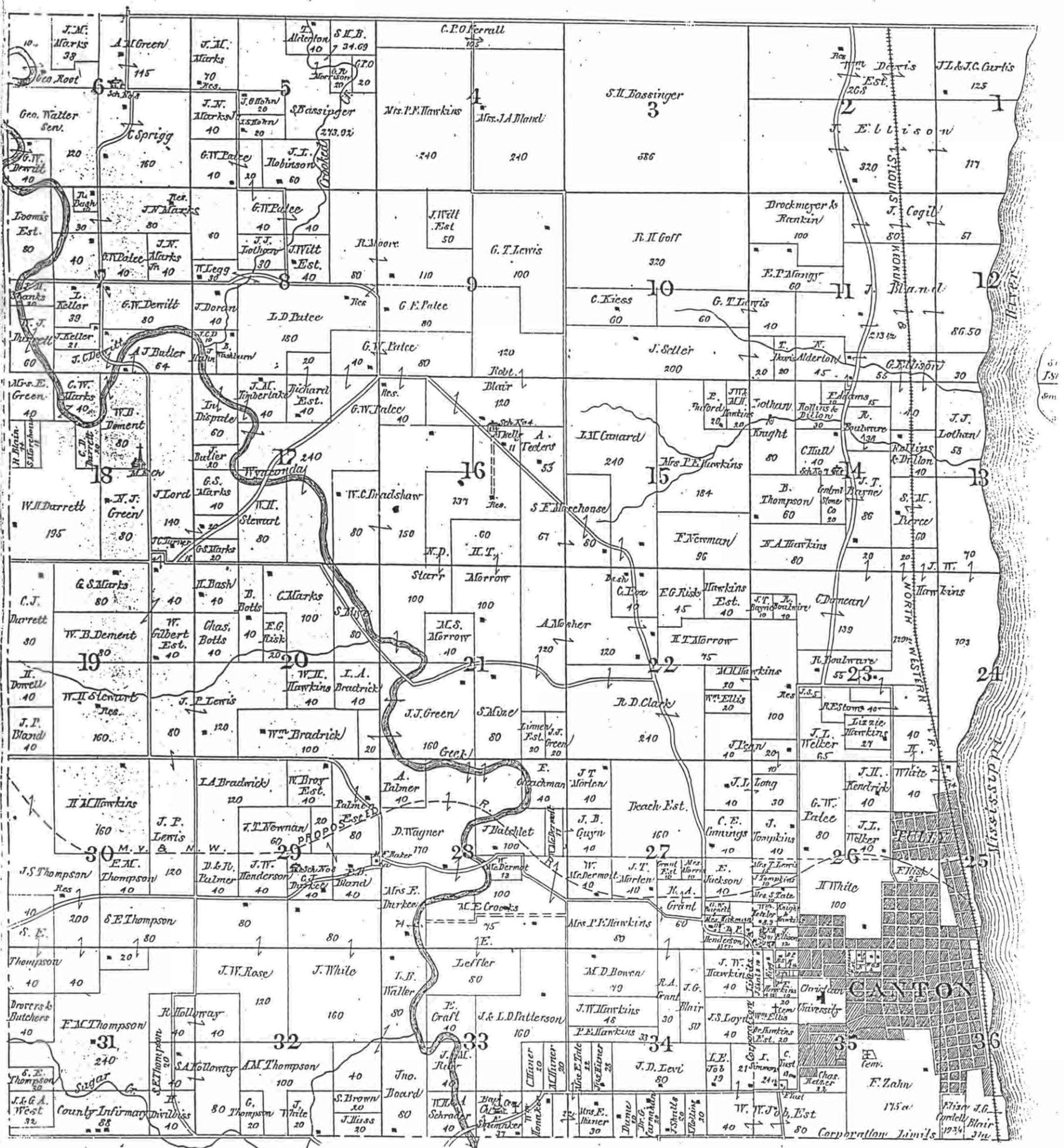
Scale 2 Inches to the Mile.



TOWNSHIP 62 NORTH RANGE 6 WEST.

OF THE 5TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN.

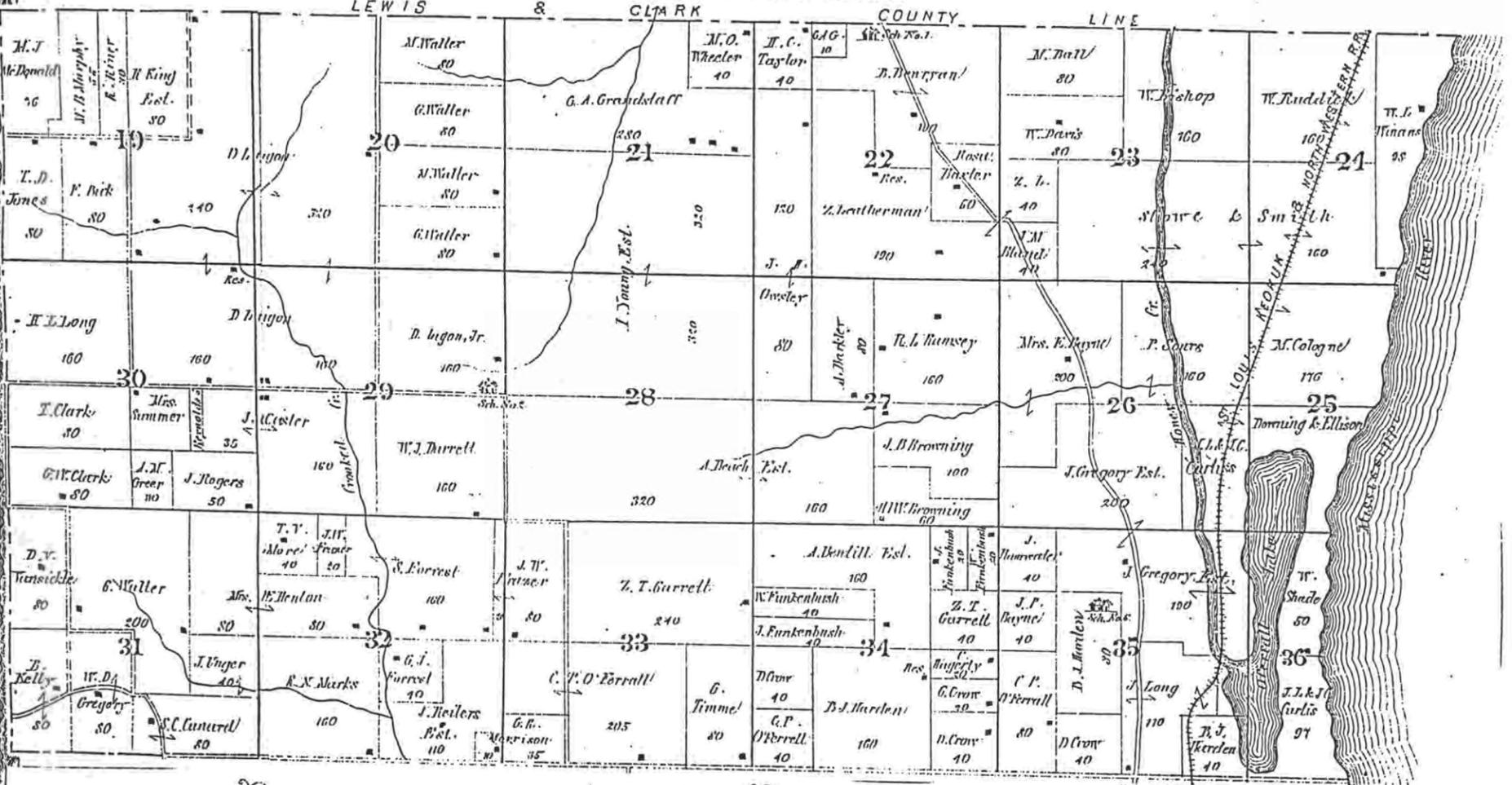
Scale 2 Inches to the Mile.



TOWNSHIP 63 NORTH RANGE 6 WEST.

OF THE 5TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN.

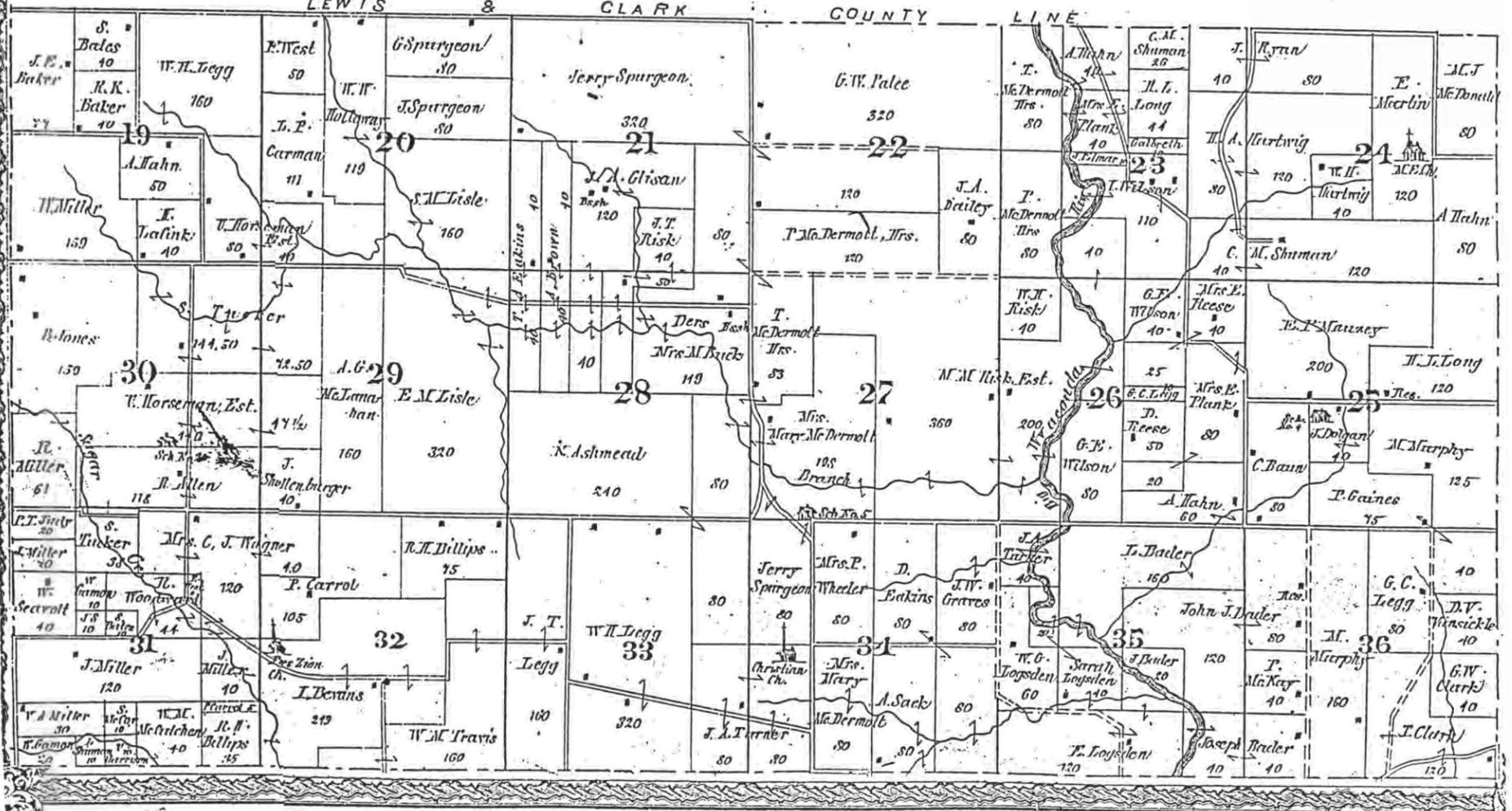
Scale 2 Inches to the Mile.



TOWNSHIP 63 NORTH RANGE 7 WEST.

OF THE 5TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN.

Scale 2 Inches to the Mile.

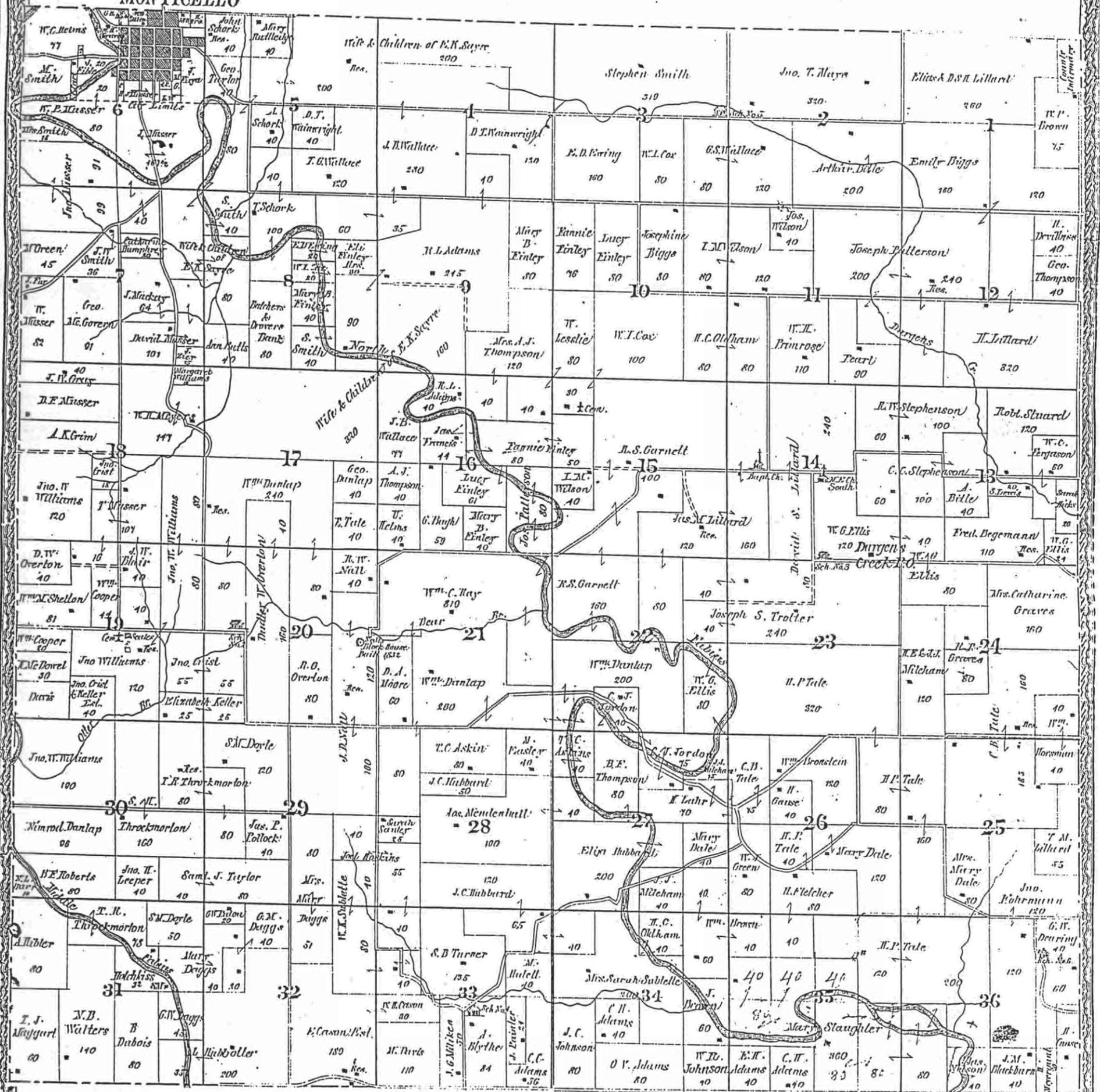


TOWNSHIP 61 NORTH RANGE 7 WEST.

OF THE 5th PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN.

Scale 2 Inches to the Mile.

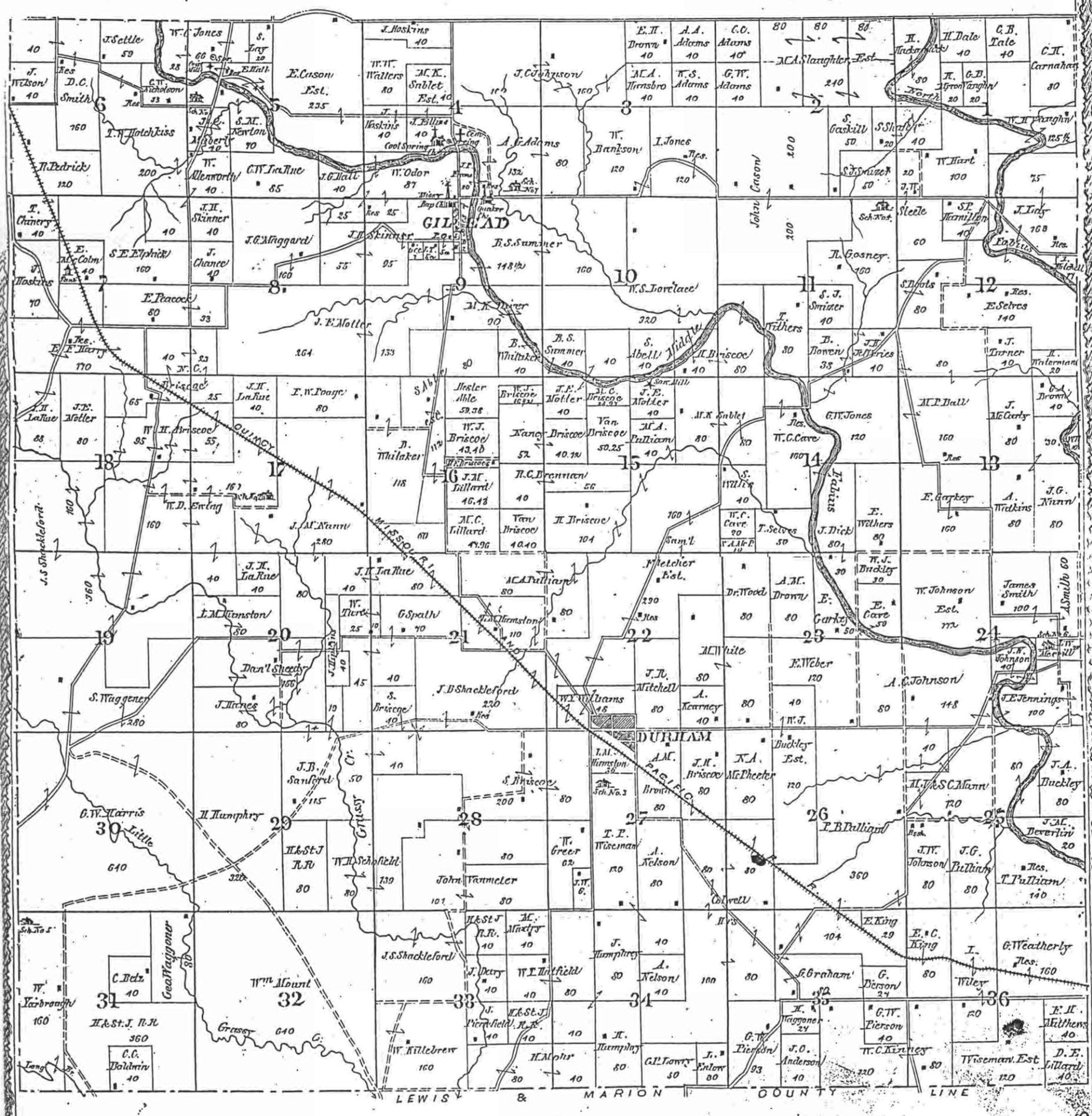
MONTICELLO



TOWNSHIP 60 NORTH RANGE 7 WEST.

OF THE 5TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN.

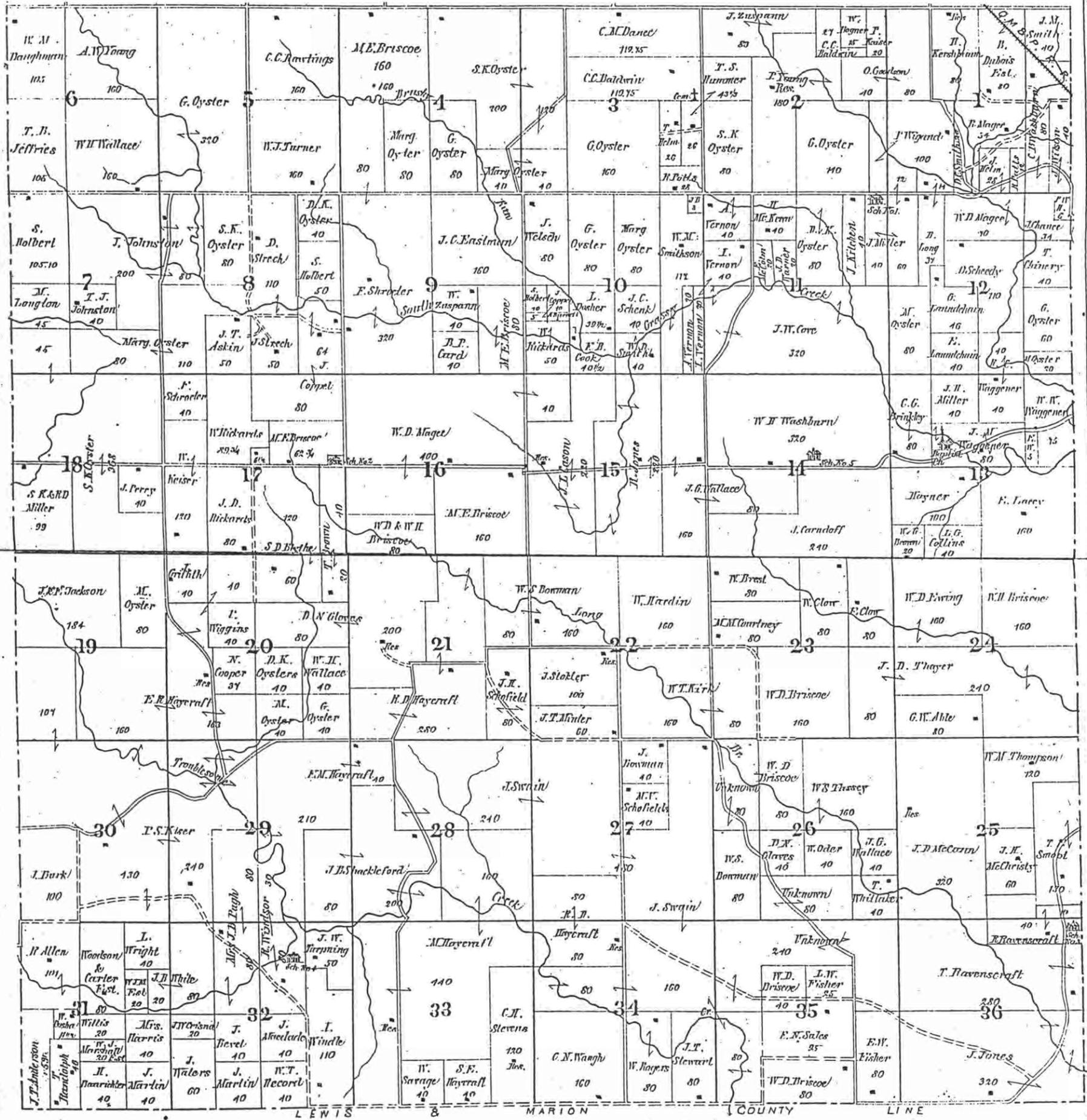
Scale 2 Inches to the Mile.



TOWNSHIP 60 NORTH RANGE 8 WEST.

OF THE 5TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN.

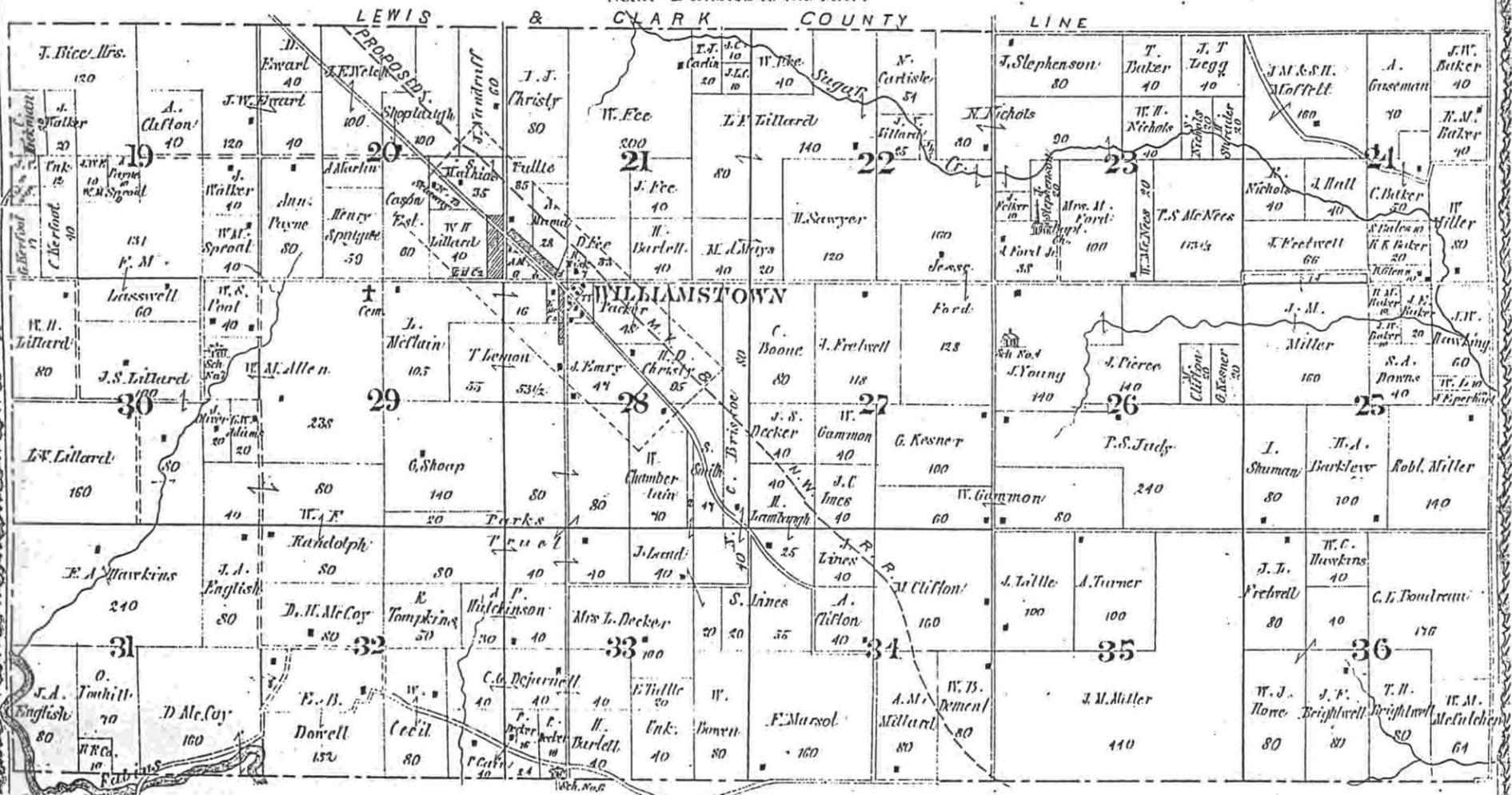
Scale 2 Inches to the Mile.



TOWNSHIP 63 NORTH RANGE 8 WEST.

OF THE 5TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN.

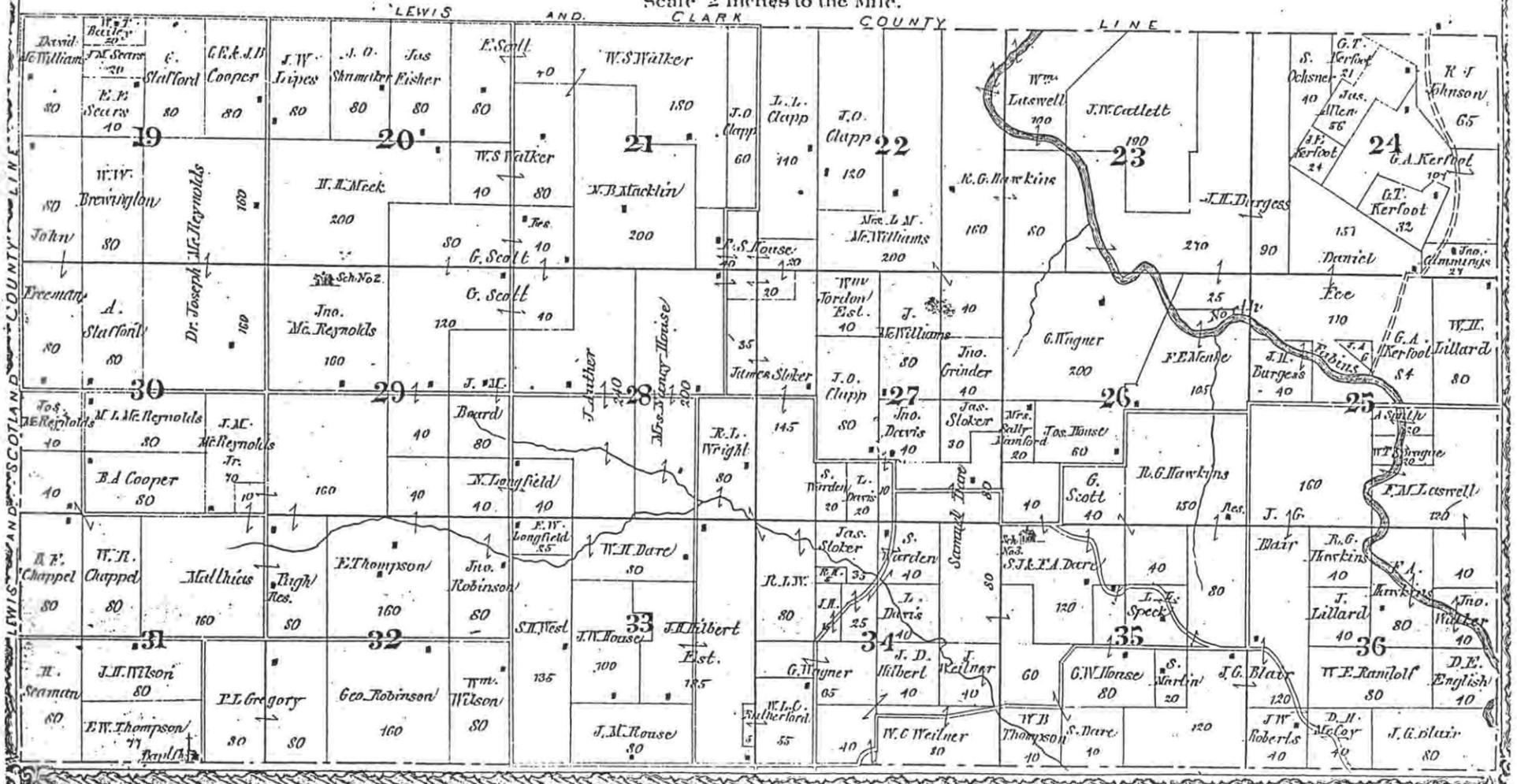
Scale 2 Inches to the Mile.



TOWNSHIP 63 NORTH RANGE 9 WEST.

OF THE 5TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN.

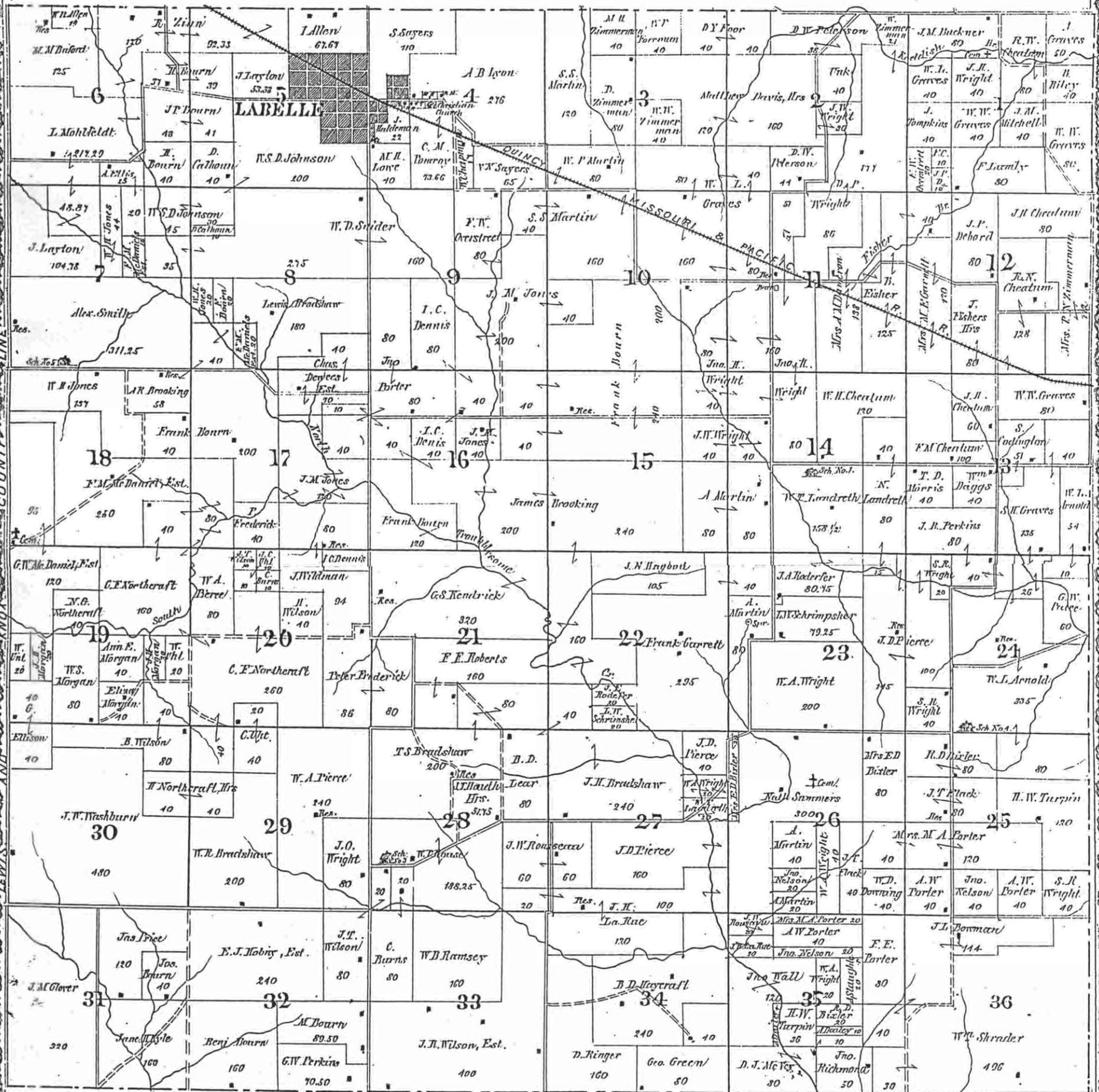
Scale 2 Inches to the Mile.



TOWNSHIP 61 NORTH RANGE 9 WEST.

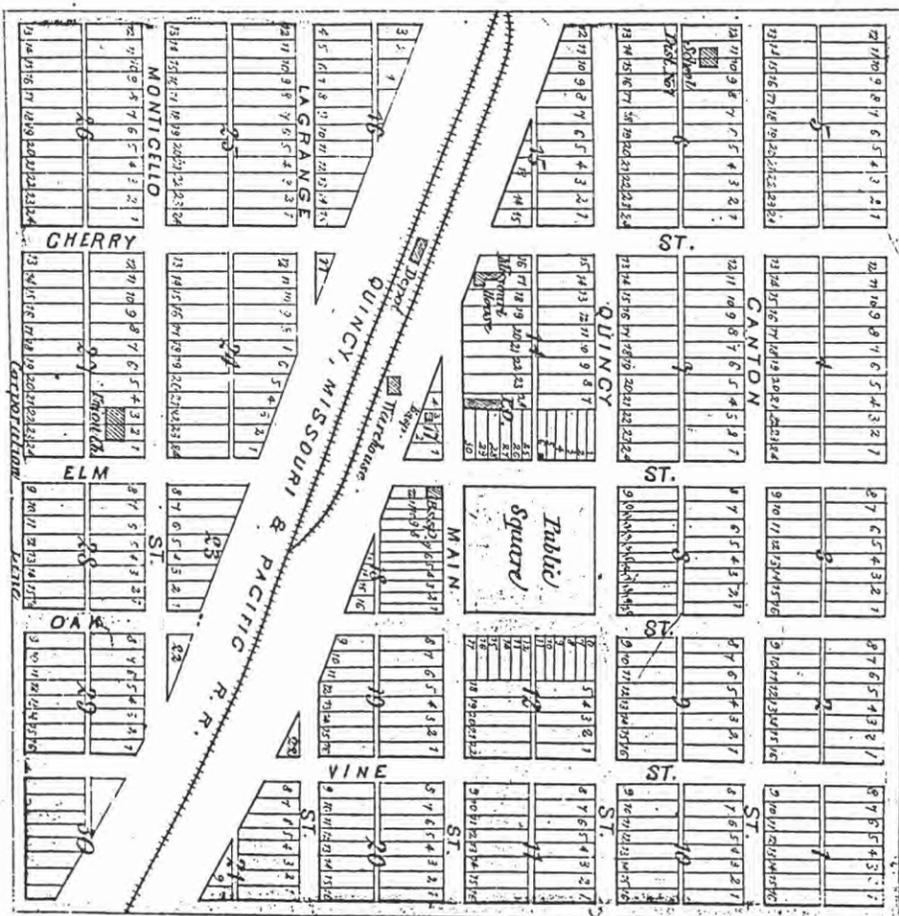
OF THE 5TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN.

Scale 2 Inches to the Mile.



LEWISTOWN

Scale 500 ft. to the in.



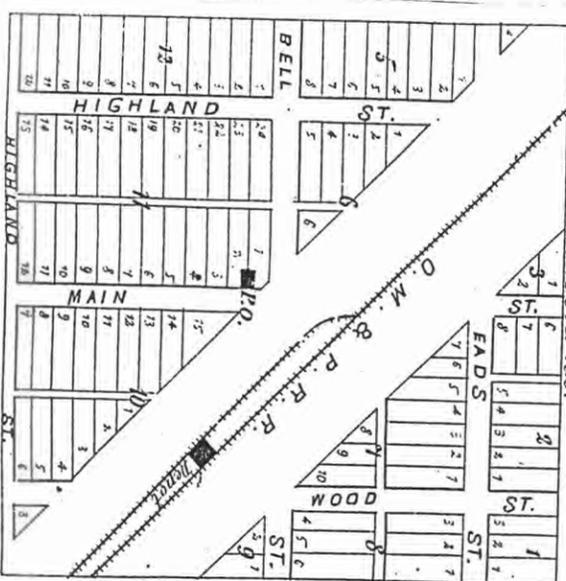
DURHAM

Scale 400 ft. to the in.



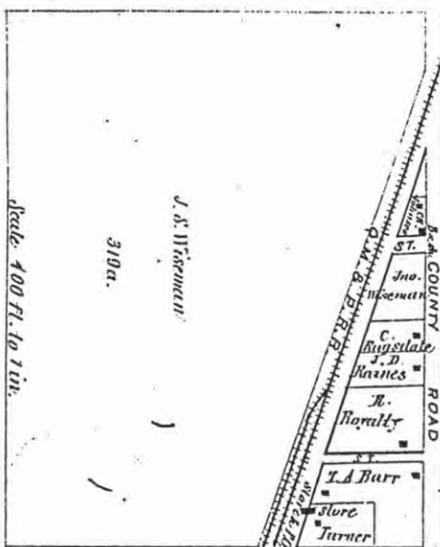
Thomas

Scale 400 ft. to the in.



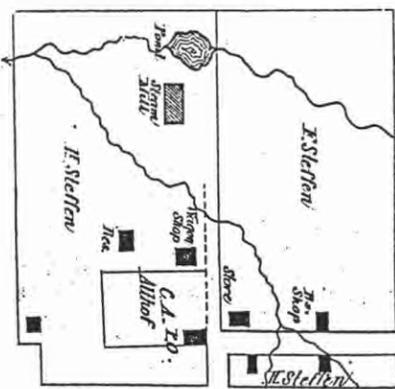
Maywood Station

Scale 400 ft. to the in.



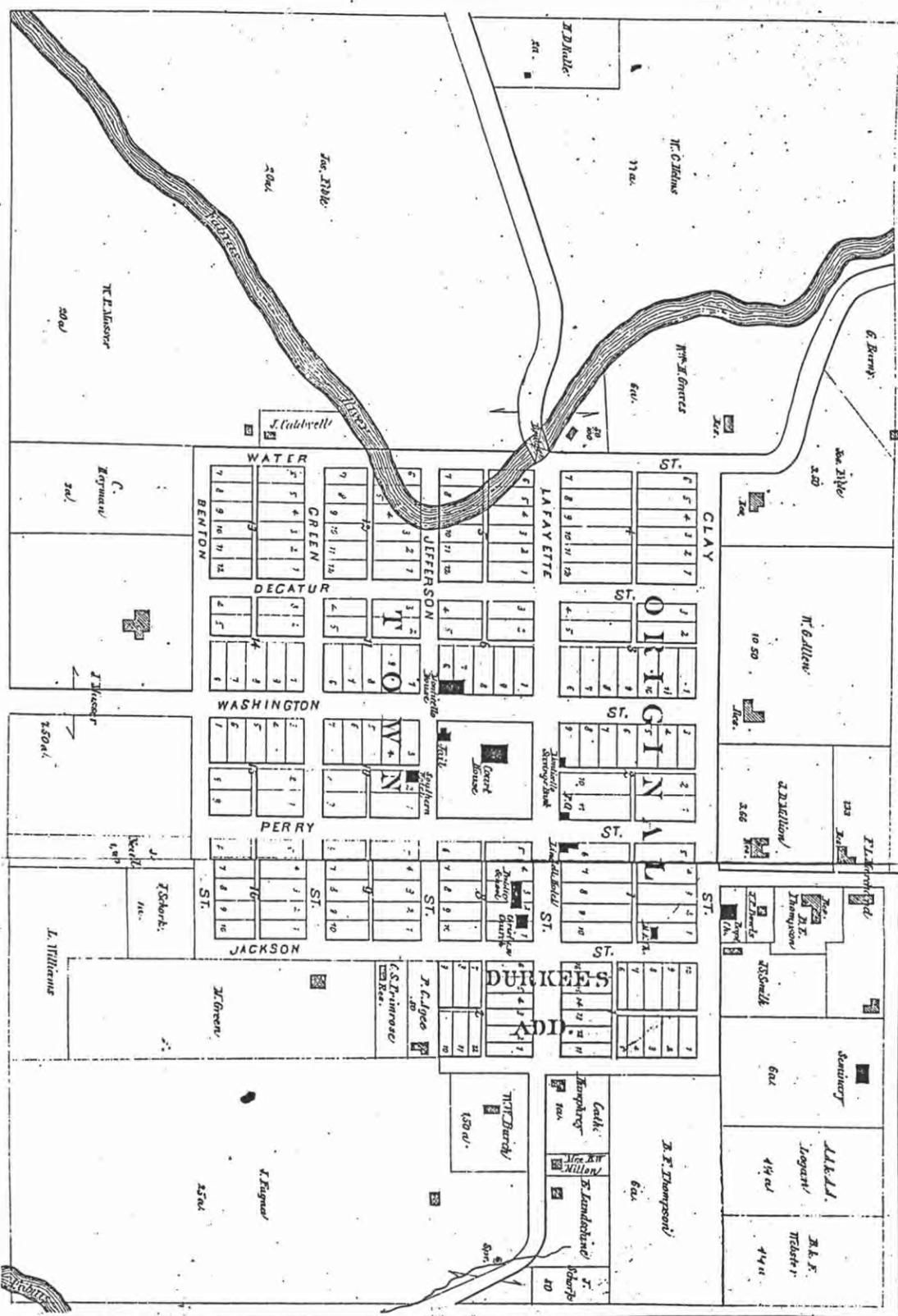
Steffenville

Scale 400 ft. to the in.



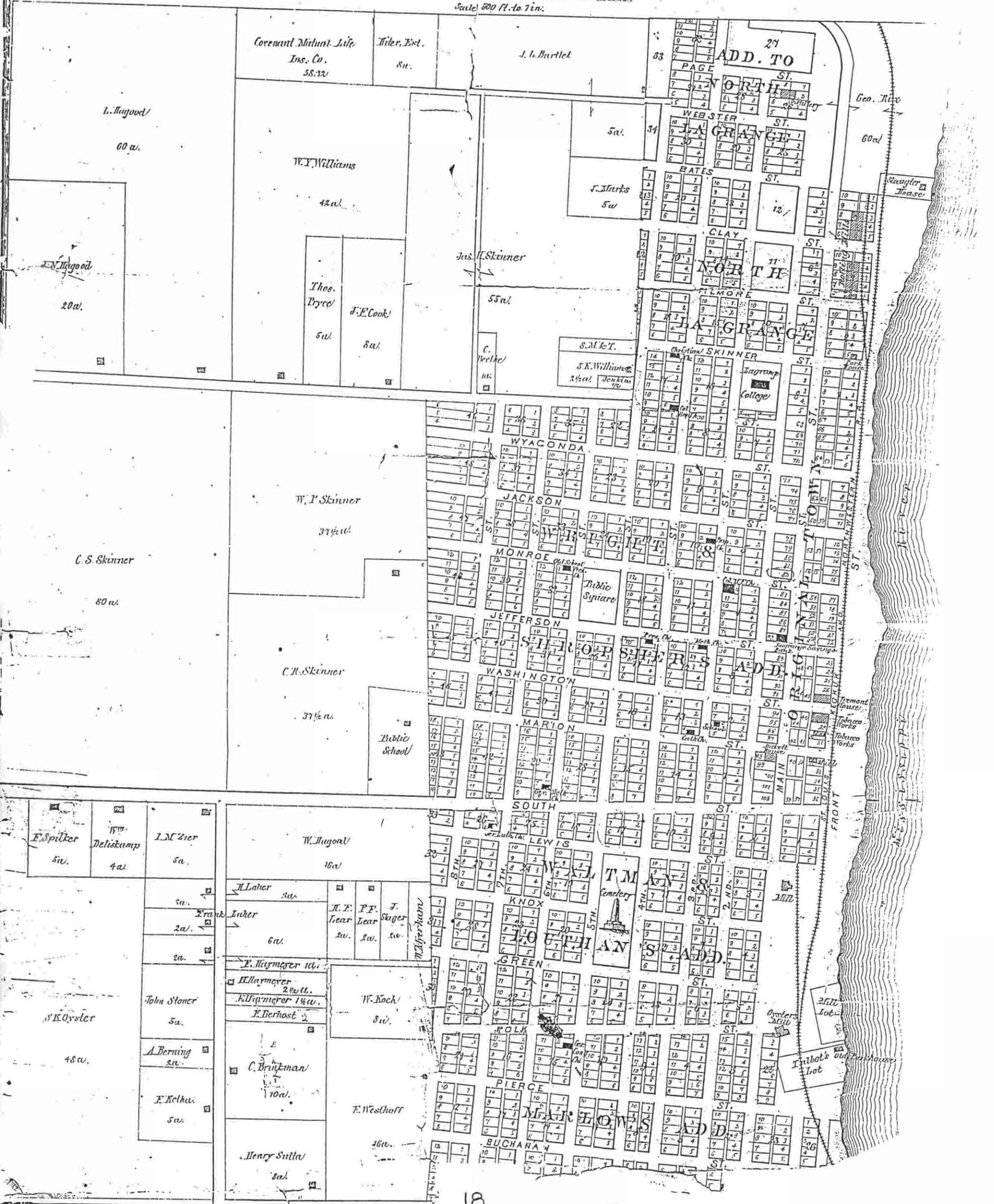
MONTEICELLO

Scale 300 ft. to the in.



LA GRANGE

Scale 500 Ft. to 1 in.



Covenant Mutual Life Ins. Co. 58.72

Filer, Est. 8a.

J. L. Bartlett

33 ADD. TO NORTH ST.

l. Huggard 60 a.

W.J. Williams 42 a.

5a. 34

J. Starks 5w

20 a.

Thos. Pryce 5a. J.E. Cook 8a.

55 a. J. Skinner

C. Welke

S.M.K.T. S.K. Williams School Jenkins 12a.

W.P. Skinner 37 1/2 a.

C.S. Skinner 80 a.

C.R. Skinner 37 1/2 a.

Public School

F. Spilker 5w.

Wm. Deliskamp 4a.

I.M. Zier 5a.

W. Huggard 16a.

H. Luter 2a.

H. E. Lear 2w. P. F. Lear 2w. J. Sugar 2w.

John Stoner 5a.

E. W. Koch 8w.

S. Oyster 48 a.

A. Berning 2a.

C. Brinkman 10a.

E. Kelha 5a.

Henry Sullw 5a.

E. Westhoff 16w.

HISTORY OF LEWIS COUNTY, MISSOURI.

BY HON. JOHN C. ANDERSON.

In writing a history of Lewis County, it would seem almost indispensable to glance briefly, at least, at the early condition and settlement of that region of country called "Louisiana." The first settlers and claimants were French. They applied the name of "Louisiana" to all the country west of the Mississippi and east to the Alleghenies not included in New France (or Canada) and Acadia.

It will be seen, therefore, that their claims embraced the entire valley of the Mississippi and its tributaries. At a very early day they had formed settlements in this region, at Kaskaskia, Vincennes, and along the northern border of the Gulf of Mexico.

The people for the most part were miners, traders and hunters; and were without any civil government except such as was of their own creation, and such as their immediate necessities demanded; for while the French settlements in Canada and Acadia had the fostering care of the French government, their western colonies seem to have been totally neglected.

In 1762 France ceded to Spain all of "Louisiana" west of the Mississippi, including the city and island of New Orleans. And, on the 10th of February, 1763, by a treaty signed at Paris, she surrendered to Great Britain all her possessions in North America, east of the Mississippi, from its source to the River Iberville, through Lakes Maurepas and Ponchartrain to the Gulf of Mexico.

Shortly after these transactions between the Governments of Great Britain, France and Spain, the French settlers on the east side of the Mississippi removed to the west side. In 1763 they founded St. Genevieve and New Bourbon. The site of St. Louis was selected by La Cledé, and in 1764 a town was laid off and named after Louis XIV. of France.

Although the country had been ceded to Spain in 1762, no formal possession was taken until 1769. In October, 1795, a treaty was concluded between the United States and Spain, by which the boundaries between the two countries were definitely settled; the free navigation of the Mississippi secured to the United States; and New Orleans granted to them as a place of deposit for three years.

On the 1st of October, 1800, Spain by a secret treaty retroceded Louisiana to the French Republic, without reserving to the United States the rights acquired by them under the treaty of 1795. It appears that the United States was wholly ignorant of this treaty of retrocession until 1802, when the Spanish Governor of Louisiana peremptorily closed the port of New Orleans against them. The conduct of Spain in this transaction aroused the greatest indignation throughout the country. The free navigation of the Mississippi, in the judgment of the people of the United States, was absolutely essential to their national well-being. A proposition was made in Congress to take immediate possession of Louisiana. More pacific counsels, however, prevailed. Thomas Jefferson was President, and under his direction negotiations were opened with France which resulted in its purchase, for the sum of Fifteen Millions of Dollars; and on the 30th of April, 1803, a treaty was signed at Paris by which France ceded to the United States the whole of Louisiana, without any conditions except such as protected the inhabitants in their civil and religious rights.

The territory thus acquired by the United States embraced within its limits more than a million square miles, or 640,000,000 acres; a splendid empire, limitless almost in its agricultural and mineral resources. Its acquisition was the crowning act of Mr. Jefferson's administration.

On the 2d of December, 1803, formal possession of what was known as Lower Louisiana was delivered to Messrs. Claiborne and Wilkinson, Commissioners of the United States, by an officer of the French Republic, at New Orleans; and in the month of March, 1804, formal possession of the Upper Province of "Louisiana" was delivered to Amos Stoddard, at St. Louis, by Delassus. On the 24th of March, 1804, Congress passed an act dividing Louisiana by a line corresponding with the 33rd parallel of North Latitude. All south of that line was called the Territory of New Orleans; all north, the District of Louisiana.

On the 3d of March, 1805, Congress passed an act changing the name "District of Louisiana" to that of Territory of Louisiana; and the inhabitants were invested with a local government. For the year previous they had been under the supervision of the Governor and Judges of Indiana Territory. On the 4th of June, 1812, the Territory of Missouri was organized with a legislative council and a house of representatives. The first legislature was convened in the city of St. Louis on the 7th day of December, 1812, and its first public act was: "An act entitled an act to regulate weights and measures." Up to this date there were but five counties in the Territory—St. Louis, St. Charles, St. Genevieve, Cape Girardeau and New Madrid. But at this session Washington was organized, and the boundaries of the others more clearly defined. The County of St. Louis was organized in 1816; and at the session of 1818 eight more—Jefferson, Franklin, Wayne, Lincoln, Pike, Madison, Montgomery and Cooper.

On the 10th of August, 1821, the State of Missouri became formally a member of the Federal Union by proclamation of the President of the United States, he being thereto empowered by a previous act of Congress.

After the admission of the State into the Union population began to flow in, and the work of organizing counties began in good earnest. Ralls County was organized in 1821. In 1822, 14th of December, the boundaries of Marion were fixed, and the territory attached to Ralls for civil purposes; and on the 23d of December, 1826, it was organized into a separate county. All the territory north to the Iowa line was attached thereto for civil purposes.

On the 2d of January, 1833, Lewis County was organized with its present boundaries: Beginning at a point in the middle of the main channel of the Mississippi River where the prolongation east of the township line between Townships 59 and 60 would intersect the same; thence west on said township line to the south-west corner of Township 60, Range 9, west; thence north with the range line between Ranges 9 and 10, west to the north-west corner of Section 19, Township 3, Range 9, west; thence east with the subdivisional lines to the middle of the main channel of the Mississippi River; thence down the said river, in the middle of the main channel, to the place of beginning.

The County was named "Lewis" in honor of Capt. Merriwether Lewis, the first American Governor of Louisiana, who with Lieut. Clark, first traced the Missouri River to its source, crossed to the Rocky Mountains, and descended the Columbia River to its mouth. It contains about 5016 square miles, and has a river front of something near 23 1/2 miles. Its rivers are the North, South and Middle Fabius, and Wyaconda.

The Middle and North Fabius flow nearly through the centre of the County, from north-west to south-east, and run parallel to each other at a distance of from two to four miles.

In the south-west are Troublesome and Grassy Creeks; in the north-east are the Wyaconda River and Sugar Creek, flowing in a south-easterly direction.

These streams furnish an abundance of water the year round, the Fabius and Wyaconda rarely ceasing to flow except in seasons of extreme drouth. The County is nearly equally divided into prairie and timbered land; timber abounding along the streams, while the prairies for the most part occupy the high lands between. There are some prairies along the water-courses, but they are generally subject to annual overflows, except near the bluffs. The soil is generally fertile, producing the cereals in abundance; and for grass, it is thought by some to be equal to the famous blue-grass region of Kentucky.

From the first settlement of the County up to about 1855, the staple production was wheat. It grew equally as well, and yielded as abundantly, on the upland prairie as on the timber lands. Such a thing as a failure was unknown up to that date, and from that time to the present its culture on the upland prairies has been almost wholly abandoned. The year 1846 furnished the first failure of a corn crop from drouth. Since that time there have been frequent failures from that cause. Oats was a wonderful crop up to the year 1860. That year they were destroyed by rust, a thing wholly unknown up to that time. Some miraculous stories are told of the generous yield of the cereals in the early days. Said Capt. — (who settled on the Mississippi River, between Canton and La Grange), in describing the great fertility of the river bottom-lands, to an Eastern man, "I cleared off a field back of my house, and planted in corn; it came up in about five days, was a fine stand, and by the time the corn was in roasting-ears, so dense was the growth, and so dark was it in the field, the whipp-wills would hollow in there all day long; and sir, if the chickens happened to get in there, even at mid-day, they would go to roost on the ears!"

Game was also abundant up to about 1856. As late as 1847, it was no uncommon thing to see thirty and forty deer in one herd. Wild turkeys were to be seen at any time in the woods, while millions of prairie chickens covered the prairies; quails also were abundant everywhere. Netting them was a favorite amusement with the first settlers, especially so with the older men. Old Uncle — was very fond of this manner of capturing them, and was very successful. During his latter years he delighted in telling of his exploits, and of the great number of "birds there used to be." Said he, on one occasion, "I had an old Kentucky friend out to see me; I concluded to take him out 'birding.' There was a little brush-corner in one of my fields of about an acre and a half. As we passed along I heard the birds whistling in it, and concluded to 'set.' We got over the fence and set in the edge of the brush next the corn—went around, recrossed the fence to the outside, and commenced to 'drive.' After walking around, whistling, for about an hour, the brush seemed to be as full of birds as at first. I concluded something must be wrong; 'so,' says I, 'Dick let's get over and see what's the matter.' We got over and made for the net; and I tell you there were so many birds in that net before we could get to it, they raised right up with it, flew off, and I never did find it!"

Joshua Feazle, W. F. Forman and William Blakey were, in the act organizing the County, declared commissioners to locate the seat of justice. Blakey resigned or failed to act, and the County Court appointed Stephen Cleaver in his place. Forman also failed to act, and Feazle and Cleaver proceeding, located the seat of justice at its present site, on land belonging to Andrew P. Williams. They made their report to the October term of the Circuit Court, 1833, which was approved and the selection confirmed.

COURTS.

By the organic act courts were to be held at the house of John Bozarth, below La Grange, until a county-seat was selected and suitable buildings provided. The first entry on the Circuit Court record shows that the day fixed by law for the holding of the courts was the 14th day of June, 1833, being the 2d Monday of the month. The Judge, the Hon. Priestley H. McBride, failed to appear, and on the evening of the third day Court was adjourned by the sheriff until the next regular term. The County was assigned to the 2d judicial circuit, of which the Hon. Priestley H. McBride was Judge. James H. McBride, the brother of the Judge, was the Clerk, and the Hon. Chilton H. Tate, then quite a young man, was the Sheriff.

On the 4th of October, 1833, being the day fixed by law, the Circuit Court was opened in the town of Canton, in a small frame-house belonging to W. S. Gregory, on or near the north-west corner of Fourth and Lewis streets, close to the site of the present post-office. Present—the Hon. P. H. McBride, Judge; J. H. McBride, Clerk, and C. B. Tate, Sheriff. Whereupon a grand jury, composed of the following named citizens, was empaneled: William H. Edwards, James Bland, William Pritchard, David White, Howard Brown, Ellis Lancaster, Silas and Rawson Reddish (brothers), Morton Bourne, Joseph Finley, Simeon Frazier, John E. Trabee, John Loudermilk, Chancy Durkee, William Wylie, Isaac Reese and John Lafon. William H. Edwards was appointed foreman. All of whom are now dead except Mr. Edwards, who is now a citizen of Kentucky, Ezra Hunt, afterwards Judge of the old 2d district, and B. Chambers, afterwards the distinguished editor of the *Missouri Republican*, were acting Circuit Attorneys for the term. Tom Anderson (now Col. Thos. L.) then a genial, rollicksome boy, staid, sober, dignified Counsellor Pratt, the eloquent and polished Uriel Wright, S. W. B. Carnegie and John Anderson, were in attendance as Attorneys. All now dead except Anderson and Carnegie. They were all pioneers, men of heart and brain, and have left their impress upon the legal literature of the State.

Pratt was in many respects a remarkable man. It could not be said of him that he was a successful lawyer, yet the amount and accuracy of his legal information was astonishing, while in scholarship and general information he had few equals, and scarcely any superiors.

The first cause submitted for trial in the Lewis County Circuit Court was entitled *John Wash vs. Milton K. Smith*, and was an action on a note; submitted to court; judgment for plaintiff \$193 debt and 539 damages.

Court was opened for the first time at Monticello on the 10th day of June, 1834. The officers of the Court present were McBride, Judge; J. H. McBride, Clerk, and C. B. Tate, Sheriff. Court was held in an old log building that stood near the north-east corner of the wagon-shop of the late Judge Hoard Roberts. It had been built especially for a Court House, and was about twenty feet square. Courts were held there until the old brick Court House was erected, which was on the site of the present Court House.

The first cause tried at the County-seat was *Fountain Jones*, and was an appeal from Justice Chauncy Durkee. Jacob Brown, Aaron Norris, Joseph McReynolds and Middleton Smoot composed the jury. They returned a verdict for the plaintiff for two dollars and ten cents.

Soon after the establishment of the Court at the County-seat, as was the case in almost all newly-settled districts of the West, the grand jury flooded the court with indictments for gaming. It was before the Supreme Court had construed the statute concerning gaming; and the question presented to the courts and the juries was, Are cards a gambling device (adapted, devised and designed for the purpose of playing games of chance for money and property) within the meaning of the statute?

It is related that, after many trials and hung juries, a jury was finally empaneled, on which was old Uncle Jack —, a notorious "old sledger," and the late Major —, who also understood the game, but did not sport. After hearing the evidence, the instructions of the Court and the arguments of counsel, the jury retired to a neighboring thicket to consider of their verdict. Was it a game of chance? Uncle Jack said, "All the other juries who failed to agree in the other cases had failed for not exercising a little horse-sense (a favorite expression of his). Now I say, if cards are a gambling device, adapted, devised and designed for playing games of chance for money and property, then playing games of skill, for money and property, defendant is not guilty." All agreed to these propositions. "Now I say, further, if it is simply a game of chance, one man can play as well as another. Now, Major, you and I think we understand this game; these ten other fellows are sort of religious chaps, and don't know anything about it. Here is a full deck; you and I will play against the others, two at a time, all round. If it is a game of chance, they will make high, low, jack and the game as often as we, to say nothing of gift." So at it they went, and played the whole ten through. Uncle Jack and the Major were successful in every game. As the last two defeated players arose from their seats, Uncle Jack looked up triumphantly and asked, "Is it a game of skill, gentlemen, or a game of chance?" All agreed it was a game of skill. Of course the reader is prepared to hear the verdict of that jury as it was read in court. Here it is: "We, the jury, find the defendant not guilty."

JOHN, Foreman.

COUNTY COURTS AND TOWNSHIPS, &c.

The first County Court was held at the house of John Bozarth, on the 5th day of June, 1833. Gregory F. Hawkins, (the father Albert, Ross, Dr. John Milton and the late Madison C.), John Taylor and A. M. Morrow, were commissioned Justices of the Court. Judge Hawkins was elected, or chosen President of the Court. Robert Taylor was Clerk. Justice Morrow having resigned, the late James A. Richardson, (father of Judge Thomas and Capt. Williams S.), was appointed in his place. The first petition affecting Roads and Highways, was presented to the court at this term by Judge William Hagood, and was for the change of a road.

The court at this term divided the county into two townships as follows: Union and Canton.

Court again met at the house of John Bozarth, in July, 1833, at which term Justice Richardson presented his commission, and took his seat upon the bench. At this term of the court, Desmoines township was laid off. This township was afterwards included in the County of Clark.

On the 2d of September, 1833, Court was opened and held at the house of Morton Bourne, and in October, at the house of W. S. Gregory, in the town of Canton. At this term of the Court, Dickerson Township was laid off, and was named in honor of Major James Dickerson, who first settled on Dickerson prairie, also named after him. At this term Silas Reddish was appointed commissioner of the Seat of Justice.

Court was held at Monticello, for the first time, on the 2d of June, 1834. Justice Hawkins Taylor presiding.

In 1838, Highland Township was laid off; Salem and Reddish in 1841. These constituted the municipal divisions of the county, until the March term of the county court in 1866, when Lyon and La Belle were laid off.

OLD SETTLERS.

Among the first, if not the very first settlers, within what is now "Lewis County," were John Bozarth, with his sons Reason and Ira, and his sons-in-law, John Finley and William Weaver, who settled in the Mississippi bottom below La Grange, in about 1816. Then came Captain William Pritchard and Aaron Claffin, about the year 1818. And in 1825, those native-born Missourians, the Durkees, Roswells, Lucien, Gen. Chauncy, and Henry J.; all dead but Henry, now living in Canton, in this county. Stephen Cooper and the Tates in 1829. In 1830, came Newbold Cannon and his sons, the Beckners, Brown's, Dickerson, Hawkins, Gregory F. McReynolds; in 1829, Silas Ramsey. The Smiths, Frank, Rice, Ralph, and Billy; William L. Graves, Silas, and Remond R. Fish, Elisha Lester, the Crooks, Capt. Marlow. The Frazier's, Baum's, W. J. and Abner with his sons, Frank, Ambrose, Douglass, Levi and Dudley; Martin Nall and the Richardsons. Nathaniel and his sons, James A., Frank, and Preston; Edward White, Robert Sinclair, and Isaac Bland, John Reddish and Nathaniel Preston, and James Hall; the Smoot's, Middleton and William McPheeter's, John, William and Bowman; the Longs, Gabriel, and Reuben; Daniel Easley, Samuel Allen. Samuel Allen was the first settler in what is now Salem Township. William Cecil, of Reddish, Reuben and Gabriel Long's brothers, in what is now Highland. The Riccoses were here in 1832, and doubtless many others, the date of whose settlement is unknown to the writer.

The first settlers of the county were chiefly Virginians and Kentuckians. A few from the then "middle states," with here and there the "irrepressible Yankee." They were a hardy race of men; strong, physically and intellectually; such as in all ages have made states, and founded empires. They were distinguished for their honesty, generosity and hospitality. The "latch string" was always out; indeed "latch strings" were all the fastenings they had. Bolted bars locks, and keys, were almost unknown, nor were they needed; modern *civilization* had not as yet, sat down among them, with its many and varied virtues and accomplishments. Neither were these men and their women, aimless adventurers, "without a local habitation and a name," but, on the contrary, almost all were of respectable lineage, and many of them of the best blood in the land.

Probably the first merchant in the county was a Mr. Everett, who located at what was then known as "Smoot's Landing," on the Mississippi River, below where Canton now stands.

HISTORY OF LEWIS COUNTY, MISSOURI.

John McKinney was the first miller. He built a dam across the Wyaconda River, near the bridge on the Canton and La Grange road. His selection of a site was unfortunate; for when the "rain descended and the floods came," the back water from the Mississippi carried his dam up stream.

John Bozarth shortly afterwards built a mill about a mile farther up the stream. Next in order was Wash's and Nun's on the North Fabius, McPheeter's on the Middle Fabius. John Carnegie, a brother of the venerable S. W. B. Carnegie, of Canton, built a mill on the Wyaconda in about 1824, just below the bridge, on the North Monticello and Canton road.

Ben Card, on the Middle Fabius, south of Monticello, near the site of what is now Hall's mill; and John Staples of Virginia, on the North Fabius, about a mile from Monticello, were the next in order about 1834. The latter is now owned by John P. Caldwell. Besides these mills, these old pioneers patronized other mills. Later in the season, when the streams run low, the coffee mill was frequently brought into requisition, and made to supply the place of the more pretentious water mills. Then there was the hominy mortar, with its pestle; and still another called a "grater," made by punching holes through a piece of tin, bending it in an oval form, and nailing to a board. The ears of corn were rubbed on this, and the result was an article of meal fit for a "king."

Among the first meeting-houses was the old Republican "Baptist." It stood near the residence of Capt. David Lillard.

Pioneer Preachers, as near as I can gather, were as follows:

The Baptists were represented by Mordecai Boulware, (the father of the Hon. I. Newton Boulware, of Clark County), and old father John Taylor. I am not certain that either were residents of the county, but am rather inclined to believe they lived in Marion. The Rev. James M. Lillard, "Old Uncle Jemmy," as he is commonly called, was perhaps the first resident preacher of this denomination. The Presbyterians were represented by the Rev. Joseph Anderson, who settled in the south part of the county in the fall of 1835—and under his ministrations, churches were very early organized at McPheeter's mill, Monticello, and Travis School-house, on Sugar Creek.

The Methodists were represented by Rev. Beverly —, and their first church was organized at Capt. Fritchard's, on what was known as "Cotton Wood Prairie," about the year 1832. The towns of Canton, Desoto and Tully, now occupy the greater part of the prairie.

The Christian Church was represented by Elsom Ballenger, then, and their first church was organized in the neighborhood of Troyman Moore's in 1837. The second at Sugar Creek in the same year. John Shanks, Sr., was the first resident preacher.

LAWYERS.

The first resident lawyers were James Ellison, afterwards State Representative, State Senator, and Judge of the Fourth Judicial Circuit, Ad. Reese, Representative, and for many years Judge of the Fourth Circuit, and Oliver H. Allen.

PHYSICIANS.

Perhaps the first were Drs. Croton and Frazier, though at a very early day, came Drs. Samuel Brown, Henry Hughs, and the Conduits, Polonzo and Dr. Thomas.

HARD TIMES.

The year 1837, and the immediately succeeding years, will never be forgotten by the survivors of that period, who were living in the county at that time, and old enough to know the uses of money; hence you rarely hear them talk much about "hard-times" now. The year 1837 has been sily termed the year of the "Great Crash." The few preceding years had been years of great inflation. Banks, individual and incorporated, had been established at almost every "cross-road" in the land. The country had been flooded with irredeemable and fraudulent promises to pay, in the form of "bank notes." Speculation had run high, and the whole country was in debt, but, pay day came, and with it nearly universal bankruptcy. Men who had gone to bed at night in fancied opulence, woke in the morning to find themselves beggars. Then we had contraction with a vengeance. Prices of land, stock, and produce, which had ruled high, sank comparatively to zero. People found themselves without money, and with nothing that would bring it.

Soon the court-houses, store doors, blacksmiths' shops, and even the trees at the crossing of the public roads, were plastered over with notices of constable and sheriff's sales. The people were up to the point of resistance. The officers of the law in some instances were threatened, bidders intimidated, and to such a height did the feeling run; that very little property changed ownership at constable sales. But, relief came at last, and came, as it always comes under such circumstances. People began to retrench, to live within their income, and to act upon the "motto," "pay as you go." Gradually old debts were wiped out; some by payment, and others by bankruptcy; but not till 1846 or 1847 was there much substantial prosperity in the county.

A sample of the prices of stock and produce during this period, as compared with the price of manufactured articles, may not be uninteresting.

Take from 1837 to 1841: Pork from \$1.25 to \$2.50 per cwt. Cows and calves, from \$8.00 to \$12.00. Good four year old steers, from \$9.00 to \$15.00. Good common horses, from \$20.00 to \$30.00. Wheat 25 cents per bushel. Oats, 10 cents. Corn, 12½ cents per bushel.

I find upon the "day-book" of William Ellis, merchant, the following entries:

August 6, 1838. Benj. Walker, Dr., To 3 yds cassimette, \$2.....	\$6 00
Same date. Wm. H. Edwards, Dr., To 6 yds. black lawn, \$ 1.00.....	6 00
August 9, 1838. John Loudermilk, To 2 yds. calico, 37½.....	75
Same date. Paschal Buford, 1½ yds. calico, 37½.....	47
August 16, 1838. Joseph Anderson, 16 yds. calico.....	5 33
Sept. 3, 1838. William Kendrick, To 8 lbs. nails, 12½.....	2 00
Oct. 6th. Martin Baskett, To 1 bushel salt.....	1 00
Same date. William Agee, 1 bushel salt.....	1 50

In the fall of 1838, the Mormon troubles culminated in Gov. L. W. Boggs calling out the militia of the State. Two companies of volunteers from this County promptly responded to his call. C. B. Tate was captain of one company, and Chauncy Durkee of the other. George B. Nelson and Light Tate, were lieutenants. The names of the other officers have escaped my memory. The two companies were under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Oliver H. Allen. The trouble was settled by the removal of the Mormons to Illinois.

In 1839, trouble occurred between the States of Missouri and Iowa, growing out of the disputed boundary between them. A Missouri collector proceeding to collect the taxes in a part of the territory claimed both by Missouri and Iowa, was seized by the Iowa authorities, and incarcerated in jail. The militia of the State was again ordered out, and marched north as far as Waterloo, in Clark County. Peace negotiations were set on foot at this place. The collector, Mr. Gregory, was released, and the militia disbanded. The claim of Iowa to the territory in dispute was ultimately sustained in the Supreme Court of the United States.

In 1846, a company was raised for the Mexican war, but owing to the great rush of volunteers, they did not succeed (as a company) in getting mustered into service. Of the whole company, the following named only were mustered into service, and they only in a company raised in Marion County:

Thomas S. Dunbar, Richard West, William Johnston, James Hall, and Oliver H. Allen. They were in Doniphan's Expedition. All returned in safety at the close of the war, except Hall, who died at Santa Fe.

Of the "War between the States" much might be written, which, for the repose of society, had better remain unwritten; many outrages were committed, but enlightened public sentiment has long since consigned their authors to that place in society occupied by all criminals; and, I will leave them there, to their own consciences, if they have any, and the "retributive justice of Almighty God."

Doubtless a large majority of the people of that county sympathized actively with the South; especially was this so, with the agricultural population. There was, however, a large element who adhered to the Federalists; consequently, a great number of soldiers was furnished to both armies; and, as a rule, those who joined the regular armies bore themselves gallantly in war, and since its

close have gained for themselves the esteem of their neighbors for their faithful discharge of their civil duties.

BANKS.

In 1839 a branch of the "Bank of the State of Missouri" was located at Canton. Dr. Zebulon T. Knight was President; A. Reese Cashier, and Reuben J. Emerson Clerk. The board of "Directors" was composed of the following named gentlemen: Zebulon T. Knight, H. Davis, Geo. W. Patton, A. Reese, A. L. Richart, James Ellison, James McBride Jones, and Samuel H. Stewart. The bank was closed in 1866, the parent bank having reorganized as a "National bank."

In 1859 a branch of the Union Bank of Missouri was located in the City of La Grange. John M. Cashman was first "President." John N. Hagood, "Cashier." John M. Cashman, Willis Anterson, Simeon Connelly, William Hagood, Abram Oyster, John G. Nunn, William M. Reading, Thomas Richardson, and John H. Talbot, constituted the Board of Directors.

"Canton Savings Bank" was organized November 24th, 1866. Z. T. Knight, President; M. C. Hawkins, Cashier, and Ferdinand G. Risk, Clerk. This bank afterwards became merged in the Lewis County Savings Bank. The Lewis County Savings Bank was organized January 1st, 1867, with Samuel H. Stuart, President, and Samuel Hatch, Cashier and Secretary.

This bank suspended in April, 1877, and went into the hands of an assignee.

La Grange Savings Bank was organized July 2d, 1866, with J. B. Alverson as "President," and Jos. A. Hay, "Cashier." The Board of Directors was composed of J. B. Alverson, Jos. A. Hay, William Hagood, Benj. F. Lusk, and Thos. Pryce.

The First National Bank was organized in the City of La Grange, in April, 1871, J. B. Alverson, President; Thomas Pryce, Cashier, with J. B. Alverson, John Cason, Jas. A. Hay, Wm. Hagood, Austin Quesenbury, Thos. Pryce, and Willis G. Brown, as a Board of Directors. This bank ceased to do business April 1st, 1876.

Monticello Savings Bank was incorporated in October, 1859, with Jephtha D. Millon, President, Phil. C. Agee, Vice-President, William Fible, Cashier and Clerk. The Board of Directors was composed of the following gentlemen: Jephtha D. Millon, Jos. Paterson, L. J. Vandiver, Joseph Fible, James P. Mitchell, Carl Haman, W. G. Allyn, John H. Wright, and Phil. C. Agee.

La Belle Savings Bank was incorporated on the 23d of January, A. D. 1875, with John Agnew as President, and William Triplett as Secretary.

UNIVERSITIES AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS OF LEARNING.

Christian University at Canton. The building was completed in 1856, and the first regular classes were organized in September of that year. James Shannon, L.L.D., formerly of the "State University," President, Henry White, Professor of Mathematics, and K. A. Grant, of Languages.

It was in a flourishing condition up to the breaking out of the war in 1861. When, on account of the disturbed condition of the country, all attempts to carry it on as an institution of learning were abandoned. Shortly after the commencement of the war the building was taken possession of by Federal soldiers, and was used as barracks, more or less, during the war. It was consequently much injured. The University was again opened for students in September, 1866, under the presidency of Elder Ben. Smith. It is under the control of the "Christian Church."

La Grange Male and Female College (Baptist) was erected at the City of La Grange, in the years 1857 and 1858. It was opened for students in September, 1858. William Ellis was first President. This college, like the former, was in a flourishing condition up to the war, when it was closed. It was again opened for students in September, 1866, with Dr. J. F. Cook as President; since which time it has been in a most excellent condition. Dr. Cook has continued in charge of the College, as President, since 1866 up to the present.

Monticello Seminary (Methodist) was erected in the year 1872, and was opened for students on the first Monday in September of that year. It was under the charge of Rev. Marshall McIlhenny, Principal. Mr. McIlhenny severed his connection with the School in 1875, since which time it has been under the charge of Rev. James Smith, as Principal. This School has been well patronized, and is in a healthful condition.

Public Schools were first organized in the County about the year 1839, and have as a rule been well sustained.

TOWNS.

Canton is the oldest town in the County, and was laid off by Edward White, Robert Sinclair and Isaac Bland. The plat of the town was filed in the office of the Circuit Clerk of Marion County, February 15th, 1830, and was transferred to this County, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court December 25th, 1833. Edward White built the first house, and kept the first "tavern." A Mr. Block was the first merchant, and Thomas Gray the second. Judge William Ellis laid off the first "Addition" to the town, and filed the plat in the office of the Clerk January 31st, 1850.

The plat of "Green and Hawkins' Addition" was filed January 6th, 1852; the late Hon. James S. Green and the late Madison C. Hawkins, proprietors. The plat of "Bland's Addition" was filed August 30th, 1853; Charles H. Bland proprietor.

The plat of "White's Addition" April 26th, 1853; Halsey White proprietor.

"Durkee's Addition," September 15th, 1852. "Durkee's second Addition," October 4th, 1856; General Chauncy Durkee proprietor.

South Canton, by Geo. W. Cordell, September 7th, 1857.

"Reese and Hawkins' Addition," September, 1857; Thomas O. Reese and M. C. Hawkins proprietors.

"Gregory's Addition," by Sarah C., and Martha S. Gregory, March 26th, 1858.

"Hawkins and Davis' Addition," by M. C. Hawkins and Henderson Davis, July 9th, 1858.

"Jones' Addition," by L. C. Jones, March 7th, 1866.

"Bandhauer's Addition," December 6th, 1866.

"University Addition," February 28th, 1868.

"North West Addition," by Col. Ed. Morse, November 2d, 1869.

The town, according to the last census, has a population of 2,532.

In addition to Christian University, Canton has two fine Public School buildings, which are well attended and ably conducted.

All the leading Christian denominations are represented, and have tasteful and commodious places of worship. The two largest and best-arranged are the "German Methodist" and the "Christian Church."

La Grange is the next oldest town in the County, and was laid off by William Wright. The plat of the town was filed in Marion County, May 5th, 1832, as was the plat of Canton, because what is now Lewis County, as has been heretofore stated, at that time, attached to Marion County, for civil purposes. I state on the authority of the Hon. C. B. Tate, that a Mr. Campbell, from Galena, was the first merchant and built the first house in the town. Joseph Miller built the first hotel building.

Additions. Plats of the following have been filed at the respective dates mentioned:

Wright and Shropshire's in 1837, by William Wright and James P. Shropshire. This was the first addition.

Waltman and Louthan's addition, July 26th, 1852, A. C. Waltman and Walker Louthan, proprietors.

Marlow's Addition, February 23, 1857, Geo. F. Marlow and others' proprietors.

North La Grange, October 27th, 1856, proprietors' names omitted for want of space.

Addition to North La Grange, by Joseph A. Hay and others, July 18th, 1862. La Grange, according to the census of 1866, has a population of 4,477.

Besides the La Grange Male and Female College, La Grange has a fine Public School building, with a large attendance. The school has been conducted

with great success. All the leading denominations of Christians are represented, and all have commodious places of worship.

Tully, on the Mississippi, was laid off in 1834 by Thomas Gray, Thomas C. Rutherford and Jacob Myers. Jacob Myers built the first house, David and James White, the second. For a number of years it was quite a flourishing town, enjoyed a fine trade, had a fine natural landing, and was the point at which goods were landed for the country west and north-west; but its glory has departed, and it is fast becoming like the cities of the plain.

Monticello, the seat of justice, was laid off in 1833, under the direction of Silas Reddish, commissioner of the seat of justice. It was so named in honor of the country-seat of Thomas Jefferson, third President of the United States; is located on the east bank of the Middle Fabius River, very nearly in the centre of the County. It contains, according to the census of 1876, a population of 360.

For a number of years after it was laid off, it improved very rapidly, and furnished supplies to the settlers of a large district of country. All Missouri, north-west and north, purchased their goods at Monticello. The first buildings put up in the town (it is said) were erected by William Graves and Billy Smith. James H. McBride, William P. Richardson, Thomas Richardson and Judge William Ellis were among its earliest merchants.

The first church erected in the town was by the Methodists,—frame, of respectable size, and all oak except the sash, casing and doors, which were of walnut. The house was used by all religious bodies, except the "hardshell Baptists" and the Campbellites (so called.) These latter bodies occupied the Court House. The Christian church was next erected; then a new Methodist, and succeeding these the Presbyterians and the Baptists each erected neat and commodious places of worship.

In 1836 an addition to the town was laid off by Gen. Chauncy Durkee. Kennonsville was laid off in 1836 by Joseph Anderson, and was named in honor of the Hon. William Kenyon, a member of Congress from Ohio in an early day, a man of much learning and great eloquence. Several houses were built the same year, and for a time it seemed as though quite a village would grow up; but after a time it gradually declined, until now there is not a house left standing.

Jermoland. This is emphatically a "paper" town, laid out by Abram Oyster, in 1844.

De Soto, on the Mississippi, adjoining and north of Canton, was laid off in 1855 by the De Soto Company. The Company was composed of D. P. Henderson and others.

Oswida. The plat was filed March 28th, 1870. It is situated on the Middle Fabius River, near to Hall's Mill.

La Belle is a flourishing village on the Quincy, Missouri and Pacific Railroad. It has a population of three hundred, by the census of 1876. The plat was filed in the Circuit Clerk's office January 22d, 1872. C. M. Pomroy, Samuel Sayers, Jacob Halderman, Isaac Allen and Dr. William S. D. Johnson proprietors. This town has a fine trade, and being situated in the centre of an excellent agricultural region, bids fair to become a place of some importance.

Lewis town, also situated on the Quincy, Missouri and Pacific Railroad, contains about one hundred inhabitants. The plat of the town was filed in the Clerk's office August 3d, 1871. C. M. Pomroy, W. C. Zimmerman, David Rodifer, Thomas W. Ammerman and James P. Mitchell, proprietors. The town is eligibly situated for trade, in a good farming region.

Tolona, on the Quincy, Missouri and Pacific Railroad, was laid off in 1872. Plat filed May 17th, 1872. C. M. Pomroy, Charles E. Bell, Lewis S. Eads and David Bell proprietors.

Durham, on the same Road, was laid off by Larkin M. Humston and C. M. Pomroy. The plat of the town was filed April 4th, 1874. It is near the site of Old Kennonsville.

Williamstown, on the old Canton, Monticello and Memphis State Road, was laid off in 1857 by Minus L. Williams. The plat of the town was filed September 18th, 1857. The population is now about two hundred and fifty. This town is in the centre of an excellent farming region, has a fine trade, and is altogether a lively place. Williams, its founder, has long since left the State. He was a Universalist preacher, and used to illustrate "the beauty of holiness" in a way that many living still remember.

RAILROADS.

The first chartered Railroad in the County was the Canton and Bloomfield Railroad. The name was afterwards changed to the Mississippi and Missouri River Air Line Railroad. Under this name ground was broke at Canton in the spring of 1860, by H. P. Adams, of New York; and before cold weather, the iron was laid and construction trains running as far as Dunker Hill. The war of 1861 stopped the work, and in the spring of 1862 the iron was removed. Some time after the close of the war work was again resumed. In 1870 the West Quincy and Alexandria Railroad Company was organized and consolidated with the former. The road passed through various consolidations and changes until it is now known as St. Louis, Keokuk and North Western.

The road running west from Canton towards Memphis has been entirely abandoned.

The Quincy Missouri and Pacific Railroad Company was organized under the general Law of the State in 1869. Work was commenced immediately, and pushed forward with great energy to Kirksville, in Adair County, its present terminus. Its objective point, westward, is the Missouri River, its eastern terminus, the city of Quincy.

NEWSPAPERS.

The first newspaper in the county was established in 1843, and was called the *Canton Express*. Capt. Halsey White was proprietor, and Israel Sanderson editor. The *Missouri Plebeian* appeared in 1848, under the management of Stephen P. Vannoy, and in 1850 the name of the paper was changed to that of the *North East Reporter*. In 1856 Mr. Vannoy was elected a member of the Board of Public Works, and severed his connection with the paper. It then passed to the editorial management of A. Dangerfield Rector, who conducted the paper with much ability until the breaking out of the war in 1861, and in the summer or autumn of that year its publication was suspended.

In 1862 the *Canton Press* was established, J. W. Barrett editor and proprietor, and has been regularly published from its first establishment up to the present.

The following newspapers have been published in the City of La Grange: In 1846 the *La Grange Free Press* was established by Booth & Doyle. This was followed by the *La Grange Missourian* in 1850, with James R. Abernathy of Monroe County, as editor, "Old Abby," as he was commonly called. George Gilbert succeeded "Abby" in 1851.

The *La Grange Bulletin* was established in 1853, with Samuel R. Raymond as editor. The paper passed for a short time into the hands of N. N. Withington & Co.

In 1858 the *La Grange American* was established by Howe & Armour, but in a short time Mr. Howe succeeded to the control. The publication of this paper was suspended in 1867 or 1868.

A paper called the *Democrat*, was published for a short time by Moore & Parker, and in 1871 the *North Missourian* by Parker & Porter.

The *La Grange Democrat* was established in 1872 by T. O. Towles & Co. In 1875 Mr. R. M. Wallace succeeded to sole proprietorship of the paper. A co-partnership has been formed by Mr. Wallace and Henry Chinn, formerly of Canton and from and after April 1st, (1878), the paper will be published by Wallace & Chinn.

In 1875 the *Baptist Battle Flag* was established and published till 1877, and was then moved to the city of St. Louis. Elder D. B. Ray, editor.

POPULATION.

The population of Lewis County in 1840 was—

YEARS.	WHITE.	COLORED.	TOTAL.
1840	4,966	1,074	6,040
1850	5,357	1,221	6,578
1860	10,923	1,303	12,286
1870	13,933	1,181	15,114
1876			16,320

The number of Acres of Land in the County..... 321,185½
Valuation..... \$2,465,095

KUMBER.	VALUATION.
Horses	7,023
Asses and Jennets	2,209
Mules	20,824
Cattle	14,329
Sheep	25,148
Hogs	473,370
Money, Bonds and Notes	320,785
All other Personal Property	66,995
Corporate Property	
Total assessed value of Real and Personal Estate.	\$1,287,475

It would be safe to say, that the assessed value of the personal and real property is not more than one-half the actual value.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

CIRCUIT COURT OFFICIALS.

Circuit Judges.

Priestley H. McBride, from	1833 to	1844
A. Reese, from	1844 to	1859
Thomas S. Richardson, from	1859 to	Nov. 1861
James Ellison, from	1862 to	1864
David Wagner, from	1864 to	1865
Elias V. Wilson, from	1865 to	1875

John C. Anderson, present incumbent, was elected Judge November, 1874, and took his seat upon the bench first Monday in January, 1875. In the interim between Judges Wilson and Wagner, H. M. Woodruff succeeded to the bench, elected in Nov. 1864, and died at Memphis in April or May, 1865. Judge Wilson was appointed his successor.

CIRCUIT CLERKS.

James H. McBride, from	1833 to	1838
Jos. H. Blair, from	1838 to	1847
Chas. R. Magee, from	1847 to	1865
Thos. B. Jeffries, from	1865 to	1874

Charles R. Magee, present incumbent, elected Nov. 1874; term of office four years.

COUNTY CLERK.

Robert Taylor, first Clerk	1838 to	1847
Jos. H. Blair, from	1847 to	1865
W. G. Watson, from	1865 to	1870
N. D. Starr, from	1870 to	1874

W. G. Watson, present Clerk, was elected Nov. 1870, and re-elected in Nov. 1874.

SHERIFFS.

Chilton B. Tate, from	August 5th, 1831 to	1838
V. A. Sublett, from	1838 to	1842
Chilton B. Tate, from	1842 to	1846
Ben. W. Stith, from	1846 to	1847
James A. Richardson, from	1847 to	1848
James A. Richardson, elected in 1848; was re-elected in 1850; time expired in 1852.		
John P. Caldwell, from	1852 to	1856
George H. Nelson, from	1856 to	1860
W. J. Burnett, from	1860 to	1862
John Sister, from	1862 to	1866
Lewis Sells, from	1866 to	1870
W. G. Allyn, from	1870 to	1874
W. M. Moore, from	1874 to	1876

Wm. S. Richardson, the present Sheriff, was elected in 1876; term of office two years.

COUNTY COURT JUSTICES.

First Court, Gregory F. Hawkins, John Taylor, and James A. Richardson, appointed in	1833
Robert Croughton, elected in	1836
Wm. C. Sublett, Robt. Croughton, elected in	1837

Wm. C. Sublett, Wm. Hagood, and John Baker, in	1838
Wm. C. Sublett, Wm. Hagood, and H. Roberts, in	1842
John Lafon, Martin E. Green, and Hiram Yates, in	1846
H. Roberts, L. C. Hawkins, and John G. Nunn, in	1850
Wm. Ellis, John G. Nunn, and J. A. Moffett, in	1854
Uljah S. Patterson, appointed to fill vacancy of J. A. Moffett, dec'd.	1855
S. H. McKim, appointed	1856
Martin E. Green, J. G. Nunn and Ralph Smith, elected	1858
Wm. Ellis, W. S. Bohon, and J. P. Mitchell, elected	1862
George T. Ray, elected	1864
Thomas Ryce, elected	1866
Lloyd Reese, and Geo. W. McClain, elected	1868
N. H. Gibson, elected	1869
W. S. Bohon, elected	1868
J. F. Bumlerger, elected	1870
Jacob Halderman, elected	1872
W. G. Ewing, elected	1874
Joseph Patterson, elected	1876

REPRESENTATIVES.

The following named gentlemen have represented the County in the Legislature:

5th General Assembly, 1834, James D. Owens.	
9th " " 1836, Thom. Gray, a Whig.	
10th " " 1838, Ad. Reese, a Democrat.	
11th " " 1840, W. Ellis, a Whig.	
12th " " 1842, James Ellison, a Democrat.	
13th " " 1844, Wm. Ellis, a Whig.	
14th " " 1846, Chilton B. Tate, a Whig.	
15th " " 1848, H. M. Woodruff, a Whig.	
16th " " 1850, E. S. Patterson, a Democrat.	
17th " " 1852, Jos. A. Hay, a Whig.	
18th " " 1854, Martin E. Green, a Democrat.	
19th " " 1856, E. S. Patterson, a Democrat.	
20th " " 1858, A. C. Waltham, a Democrat.	
21st " " 1860, A. C. Waltham, a Democrat.	
22d " " 1862, Milton Millon, "	
23d " " 1864, C. H. Howe, a Republican.	
24th " " 1866, C. H. Howe, a Republican.	
25th " " 1868, F. L. Marchand, a Democrat.	
26th " " 1870, J. W. Barrett, a Democrat.	
27th " " 1872, C. B. Tate, a Democrat.	
28th " " 1874, W. W. Kendrick, a Democrat.	
29th " " 1876, M. W. Moore, a Democrat.	

LIST OF ASSESSORS.

W. J. Duncan, appointed in	1833
Stephen Cooper, appointed in	1835
W. T. Staples, elected	1836
William Cummins, elected	1838
C. R. Magee, appointed	1844
Wash. J. Burnett, elected	1846
Hatfield, elected	1848 to
Milton Millon, from	1848 to
Wash. J. Burnett, elected	1854
N. C. Richardson, elected	1856
Thompson F. Anderson, appointed	1862
Fred. Graf, elected	1864
Fred. Graf, elected	1866
W. J. Cox, elected	1868
August Schoppe, elected	1870
August Schoppe, elected	1872
M. M. Buford, elected	1874
M. M. Buford, elected	1876

Previous to 1874, the office of Sheriff and Collector were held by one and the same person, but in that year the people seeming desirous of separating the offices, John P. Caldwell became a candidate for the office of "Collector" alone, and was elected.

The present Collector, Wm. H. Graves, was elected in November, 1876.

TREASURER.

George Railey, (Uncle George, as he was familiarly called), was Treasurer and Post-master at Monticello, for more than twenty consecutive years; resigning both offices in 1859 on account of his advanced age and increasing infirmities. He was a man of strong convictions, an ardent politician, of the Democratic school, and a man of great purity. The office is at present filled by Mr. John Howles.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.

Prior to 1873 the State was represented in this County by a "Circuit Attorney." This officer was elected by the voters of the Judicial District to which the County was attached. It was his duty under the law to prosecute or defend in the "Circuit Court," all suits by or against any County in his Judicial Circuit. The following named persons have filled the office consecutively:

James R. Abernathy, of Monroe County, from	1835 to 36 to	1848.
James J. Lindley, from	1848 to August,	1853.
John C. Anderson, from	August, 1853, to January,	1861.
John D. Foster, from	1866.	Wm. C. Hiller, from 1866, to January, 1873.
Augustus Hamilton was elected "Prosecuting Attorney" for the County in	November, 1872; resigned the following year, and F. L. Schofield was appointed in his place. Mr. Schofield was elected in November, 1874, served one term, and the present incumbent, Wm. G. Downing, was elected November, 1876.	

PROBATE COURT.

By an act of the Legislature, approved March 24th, 1873, a Probate Court was established for the County. Prior to that, all matters of probate belonged to the Jurisdiction of the "County Court," under the general law of the State. Charles R. Magee was appointed Judge of this Court.

In November, 1874, the Hon. George Ellison, the present incumbent, was elected Judge, and has discharged the duties of the office with distinguished ability.

MISCELLANEOUS OFFICES HELD BY CITIZENS OF LEWIS COUNTY.

In 1844 the Hon. James S. Green, then quite a young man, was nominated a Presidential Elector, and canvassed a large portion of the State with great ability, and in 1845 was elected a member of the Constitutional Convention of the State. In 1846 he was elected to Congress, re-elected in 1848, but defeated in 1850, by John G. Miller, of Cooper County. In 1853 he was appointed by President Pierce, Minister to one of the South American States, but resigned in a short time on account of falling health. He was again elected to Congress in 1856, and the following winter was chosen by the Legislature of the State, United States Senator; his term expired March 4th, 1861. The limits of this sketch forbids a more extended notice of this truly great man, and I will simply add that he was about the last of the illustrious line, who, of right, could be called leaders of public opinion.

James J. Lindley was elected to Congress in 1853, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. John G. Miller. He was re-elected in 1856, but defeated in 1858. At the present writing he is one of the Judges of the "Circuit Court for the City of St. Louis."

Hon. James Ellison was elected a State Senator in 1848, and in addition to other important positions heretofore mentioned, he has held the position of Inspector of Banks and Swamp Land Commissioner. Samuel H. Stewart has also held the position of State Senator.

General David Moore was elected a State Senator in 1870, by a fusion of the Democrats and liberal Republicans defeating Eugene Williams of Scotland County.

John M. Gluver was elected to Congress in 1872, and re-elected in the years 1874 and 1876.

The foregoing pages contain about all I can gather concerning the early settlement and history of the County. I am painfully conscious of the imperfection of what is herein written, but submit it to the charity of those, who have, all my life, judged me kindly. The time allotted to me in which to complete the work, owing to the press of other business that could not be put aside, has been very short; and the sources of information difficult of attainment. If I have contributed anything to perpetuate the memories of the early settlers, or any fact that may be useful to him, or her, who may write a future history of the County, I shall be satisfied.

BUSINESS REFERENCES.

MONTICELLO REFERENCES.

JOSEPH FIBLE, Vice-President of "Ralls County Bank," New London, Missouri, and General Banker.
W. G. WATSON, Clerk of the County Court.
CHAS. R. MAGEE, Clerk of the Circuit Court.
W. S. RICHARDSON, Sheriff of Lewis County.
WM. H. GRAVES, Collector of Lewis County.

BUSHROD F. THOMPSON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT,
Monticello, Mo.
Advancements made on good paper and abstracts of title furnished. All legal business promptly attended to. Real Estate bought and sold. Taxes paid on Non-Resident.

W. G. ALLEN, Post-master and Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Canned Goods, Tobacco and Cigars, Hardware, Queensware, Wooden ware, etc., and keeps a full line of fresh groceries which I will sell at the lowest cash prices and in exchange for produce.
E. E. HAYMAN, Proprietor Lindell Hotel. Corner Lafayette and Perry Streets. Complete in all departments. Moderate charges.
F. L. MARCHAND, Attorney-at-Law.
AGEE & PLANT, Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Fine Toilet Soaps, Fine Hair and Tooth Brushes, Surgical and Dental Instruments, Pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes, Trusses, Supporter and Shoulder Braces, Carbon Oil, Lamps, Chimneys, Books, Stationery and Wall Paper, all kind of Family Groceries. P. C. Agee, Esq., has a complete set of abstracts to all Lands in Lewis County, also Dealer in Real Estate at Monticello, Lewis Co., Mo.

OLIVER C. CLAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Monticello, Mo.
All Legal Business attended to promptly.

T. S. DUNBAR, Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Queensware, Notions, Cutlery, and a full Stock of Goods in my line. Produce wanted in exchange for goods.
ED. MORRIS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes. Hats and Caps, Groceries, Queensware, Notions and General Merchandise. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.
D. HOLLISTER, Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to.
"SOUTHERN HOTEL," Capt. T. M. Howard, Proprietor, Jefferson Street between Washington and Perry Sts., southside of the Court-House Square. Conveniently located to the business portion of the City. Special attention paid to guests of the house.
E. K. SAYRE, Attorney at Law and Farmer.
JOHN SCHORK, Boot and Shoe-maker. Boots and Shoes made to order of the best material and workmanship. Parties wishing good work of good quality will please give me a call. All work warranted. Repairing done on short notice.
ISAAC D. MYERS, Proprietor of Livery, Feed and Sale Stable. Located on east side of Public Square, convenient to the Southern and Lindell Hotels and business portion of Monticello. Those desiring anything in my line will find it to their advantage to call and see me as I have good rigs, and saddle horses that I will let reasonable for cash.
GEO. H. ROBERTS, County Surveyor.
CHARLES COOK, Blacksmith. Wagon-making and Repairing and horse-shoeing done to order and in the best manner. Farmers and others wishing work in my line will please give me a call, and I will guarantee satisfaction.

J. P. CALDWELL & SON, Proprietor of "Monticello Flouring Mill." All kinds of grinding done on short notice. A stock of choice flour and meal kept on hand for sale.

CANTON REFERENCES.

"THE CANTON PRESS," Conducted by J. W. Barrett & Son, Canton, Missouri. Established 1862. A Democratic Newspaper, Devoted to the interests of Home, Country and Humanity. Subscription, \$200 per year.
WM. G. DOWNING, Prosecuting Attorney and Attorney at Law.
N. ROLLINS, Attorney at Law.
GEORGE ELLISON, Attorney at Law and Judge Probate Court.
J. M. JAMES, Justice of the Peace and Insurance Agent. Represents Home of N. Y. and Phoenix of Brooklyn. I represent the above named old reliable companies and will give safe and reliable protection to farmers and others wishing to insure.
FURLONG & MAGGARD, Proprietors of the Livery, Feed and Sale Stable, located on the corner of Lewis and 5th Sts., opposite the Down's House in the Central portion of the City, convenient to the business houses, Railways, boats, etc., etc. We also have the best driving rigs and saddle horses in Canton. Whenever you need anything in our line give us a call, opposite the principal Hotel in Canton. (The Down's House). Terms reasonable.
JNO. P. HAMPTON, Dealer in all kinds of Pine Lumber, Laths, Shingles, Sash Doors and blinds. I keep a full stock and will guarantee satisfaction to customers.
J. G. DYAS, City Marshal and Collector.
L. W. ENGLAND, Post-master and Dealer in Stationery and Periodicals.
JUNIUS THOMPSON, Physician and Surgeon.
CANTON SAW MILL CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in Pine and Hardwood Lumber. Having a large mill located with a full set of the most approved machinery, we are prepared to turn out Lumber of all kinds at the most reasonable rates and in quantities to suit purchasers both Wholesale and Retail. Parties wishing lumber will find it to their advantage to get our prices. We will guarantee satisfaction.
WM. DOWNS, Proprietor Down's House, corner Lewis and 5th Sts., in the central part of the city. This is a first class house with large and commodious rooms, recently been built for the accommodation of the traveling public. Terms reasonable. Free bus to and from all trains and boats.
FOURTH STREET PLANING MILL, Loveland & Kohlmeier, Manufacturers of Flooring, Siding, Blinds, Doors, Stairs, Stair-Railing, Balusters Posts, Mouldings, Brackets, etc. Canton, Mo., Scroll Sawing and Turning of all kinds done on short notice.
MAMMOTH DOUBLE STORE of Miller Bros., Dealers in Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Notions and Ladies' and Gent's furnishing goods. We have the largest stock and the best assortment in North-East Mo. We buy often in the St. Louis and Eastern markets, and are prepared to furnish our customers with everything in our line in the latest styles and at the very lowest cash prices. Our assortment is complete and we will not be undersold. Call and examine our goods and we will guarantee satisfaction. Terms strictly cash. N. B. We are sole agents for the "Boss Boot"
WM. ELLIS, Lumber Merchant and ex-County Judge, Representative of County, two terms—1840 and 1841, also in 1844 and 1845.
JOHN S. FLEMINGTON, Capitalist
J. SINN, Dealer in Wines, Liquors and Cigars, on Lewis Street, between First and Second, Canton, Missouri.

LA GRANGE REFERENCES.

F. L. SCHOFIELD, Attorney at Law.
W. G. EWING, Druggist and County Judge, of the firm of Ely and Ewing, Dealers in Pure Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumeries, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Toilet Soaps, etc. Pure Wines and Liquors for medical uses. A full line of Dr. Harter's Medicines always on hand. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.
AUGUST SCHOPPE, ex-County Assessor from 1870 to '74, Grain and Commission Merchant.
"THE LA GRANGE DEMOCRAT," R. M. Wallace, Editor and Proprietor, Published every Friday. Terms, \$1.50 a year.—Excellent facilities for doing Job Work.—Reasonable terms.
G. W. CONNELL, Physician and Real Estate Agent.
A. L. TOWLES, Physician and Surgeon.

CHARLTON H. HOWE, H. S. Rev. Store-keeper and Gauger, also ex-Representative of Lewis County.

W. H. SISLER, Mayor of La Grange and ex-County Sheriff, and Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Fine Toilet Soaps, Fancy Hair and Tooth Brushes, Perfumery and Fancy Toilet Articles, Trusses and Shoulder Braces, Grass and Garden Seeds, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medical Purposes, Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, Letter Paper, Pens, Ink, Envelopes, Glass, Putty, Carbon Oil, Lamps, and Chimneys. Physicians' Prescriptions accurately compounded.
W. Y. WILLIAMS, Retired Merchant and Fruit Grower.
"GRANGE STORE," W. M. Porter, Manager. We desire to call the attention of the Farmers and the public generally to our large and well-selected stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Plows, Wagons, and other Farming Implements. Terms strictly cash. Cash paid for all kinds of country produce. All orders for farming implements will be promptly attended to, and goods ordered through the State Agent will be received and stored free of charge.
SOLOMON GLORE, Blacksmithing, Repairing and Horse-Shoeing done in the best manner at my Shop. The best of material used. All work warranted. I solicit a reasonable share of the patronage of farmers and others, and will guarantee satisfaction.
F. BRINKMAN, has now on hand a large and well-selected Stock of Goods, Dress and Staple Dry Goods, a large Stock of Boots and Shoes, "Walker's Boot," and a full line of Family Groceries, all of which I am selling cheaper than the cheapest. Highest cash paid for country produce.
THOS. B. JEFFRIES, Dealer in Dry Goods, Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

LA BELLE REFERENCES.

WM. TRIPLET, Merchant and ex-Cashier La Belle Saving Bank.
B. FISHER, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals, Perfumery, Soaps, Combs and Brushes, Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Books and Stationery, Kerosene Oil, Lamps and Chimneys, Grass and Garden Seeds, Glass, Putty, Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, Pure Wines and Liquors, for medical purposes, Patent Medicines, etc., Family Medicines and Physicians' Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours. Goods selected with care, and warranted as represented.
MOQUARY & TURPIN, Manufacturers of Saddles, Collars and Strap Work, also Dealers in Leather and Saddlery and Hardware. La Belle, Mo.
W. F. HALDAMAN, Dealer in Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
ALEX. SMITH, President La Belle Saving Bank.
M. M. BUFORD, County Assessor, Farmer and Stock Raiser.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOS. PATTERSON, Canton, Mo., Judge of the County Court, Farmer and Stock Raiser.
C. B. TATE, Durgan's Creek, Mo., Farmer and Stock Raiser, and ex-Representative, also First Sheriff of Lewis County, Mo.
H. P. TATE, Durgan's Creek, Mo., Attorney at Law.
JAMES M. LILLARD, Durgan's Creek, Mo., Minister Baptist Church, Preached in Lewis County, Mo., Forty-five years. First Minister that located in the county.
R. C. RISK, (M. D.), Williamstown, Mo., Druggist.
JOHN L. CARLIN, Williamstown, Mo., Dealer in General Merchandise.
BEN KELL, Williamstown, Mo., Dealer in Hardware, Groceries, and Notary Public.
HENRY STEFFEN, Steffenville, Mo., Proprietor of the Steffenville Steam, Saw and Grist Mill.
R. S. BRISCOE, (M. D.), Lewistown, Mo., Practicing Physician and Surgeon.
JOHN G. NUNN, Maywood, Mo., Proprietor of the "Valley Mills," Farmer and Stock Raiser, and Ex-County Judge.
W. L. BEACOCK, Lewistown, Mo., Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
J. P. FRAME, Gilead, Mo., Practicing Physician and Surgeon.
ISAIAS JONES, Gilead, Mo., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Cutlery, China, Glass, and Queensware, Ready made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Dr. J. H. McLean's Family Medicines, Coal Oil, Lamps, etc.
JNO. C. ANDERSON, Judge Circuit Court.
W. M. MOORE, Farmer and Stock Raiser, and Representative.

List of Patrons of the Atlas of Lewis County, Mo.

TOWN 60 NORTH. RANGE 6 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
Jeremiah Taylor	Taylor, ^{near} La Grange	35	Farmer and Stock Raiser.	North Carolina.	1833
J. L. Taylor	La Grange	26	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1834
Wm. Gill	Maywood	33	"	Fairfax Co., Va.	1844
David T. Long	"	32	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1836
David E. Lillard	"	31	"	"	1840
John G. Nunn	"	19	"	& Miller Henry Co., Va.	1829
John G. Quinn	La Grange	22	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1842
John Quinn	Maywood	27	"	Kentucky	1825
Wm. Tiemann	La Grange	27	"	Prussia	1856
Jas. H. Sudduth	"	10	"	& Banker Bath Co., Ky.	1855
L. D. Mitchell	"	1	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1842
W. G. Brown	"	9	"	Garrett Co., Ky.	1845

TOWN 61 NORTH. RANGE 6 WEST.—Continued.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
A. M. Moore	Canton	18	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Lewis Co., Mo.	1837
J. B. Morrow	"	6	"	"	1843
H. Yates	La Grange	34	"	Scott Co., Ky.	1840
Wm. Jeffries	Canton	13	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1840
Thos. B. Jeffries	La Grange	City	Merchant	Culpepper Co., Va.	1836
Henry Devilbiss	Canton	6	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Alleghany Co., Md.	1839
F. L. Schofield	La Grange	City	Attorney-at-Law	Moundsville, W. Va.	1849
W. G. Ewing	"	City	Druggist and County Judge	Lewis Co., Mo.	1842
V. F. De Coster	"	32	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Belgium	1854
August Schoppe	"	City	Ex-Co. Assessor from 1870-74	Prussia	1849
R. M. Wallace	"	"	Ed. and Prop. of "Democrat"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1846
G. W. Connell	"	"	Physician and Real Estate Agt.	Belmont Co., O.	1843
A. L. Towles	"	"	Physician and Surgeon	Campbell Co., Va.	1865
Charlton H. Howe	"	"	Ex-Representative of Lewis Co.	Lexington, Ky.	1857
W. H. Sisler	"	"	Druggist, Mayor & Ex-Co. Judge	Lewis Co., Mo.	1845
W. Y. Williams	"	"	Retired Mer. and Fruit Grower	Hardin Co., Ky.	1836
W. M. Porter	"	"	Manager of Union Twp ^{Cooperative Association}	Spencer Co., Ky.	1856
Solomon Glor	"	"	Blacksmith	Oldham Co., Ky.	1848
F. Brinkman	"	"	Merchant	Germany	1857

TOWN 61 NORTH. RANGE 6 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
S. J. Davis	Canton	12	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Marion Co., Mo.	1847
J. W. Stephens	La Grange	30	"	Boone Co., Ky.	1836
A. Becker	"	31	"	Bavaria	1851

TOWN 62 NORTH. RANGE 6 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
J. W. Barrett	Canton	36	Ed. "Canton Press" & Mayor	Luzerne Co., Pa.	1859
C. W. Barrett	"	36	"	Carbon Co., Pa.	1859
Wm. G. Downing	"	36	Attorney-at-Law & Pros. Att'y	Scotland Co., Mo.	1873
N. Rollins	"	36	Attorney-at-Law	Somerset Co., Me.	1865
George Ellison	"	36	Attorney-at-Law & Pro. Judge	Lewis Co., Mo.	1841
J. M. James	"	36	Justice of the Peace	Ohio Co., Ky.	1851
T. W. Furlong	"	36	Liveryman	New York	1865
T. J. Maggard	"	36	"	Kentucky	1851
Jno. P. Hampton	"	36	Lumber Merchant	Fauquier Co., Va.	1867
J. G. Dyas	"	36	City Marshall and Collector	Jefferson Co., O.	1856
L. W. England	"	36	Postmaster and Merchant	Albermarle Co., Va.	1858
Junius Tompkins	"	36	Physician and Surgeon	New Hampshire	1850
B. B. Brooks	"	36	Prop. Canton Saw Mill	"	1872
C. E. Cummings	"	36	"	"	1872
D. M. Hilbard	"	36	"	"	1872
Wm. Downs	"	36	Prop. Downs House	Thornton ^{near Bradford, Vt.}	1852
T. Loveland	"	36	Prop. Planing Mill	Providence, R. I.	1867
A. J. Miller	"	36	Dry Goods Merchant	St. Louis, Mo.	1847
J. A. Miller	"	36	"	Smithland, Ky.	1847
Wm. Ellis	"	36	Lumber Merchant	Oldham Co., Ky.	1836
J. S. Thompson	"	36	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Lewis Co., Mo.	1838
John S. Pemberton	"	36	Capitalist	Franklin Co., Mo.	1836
John N. Marks, Jr.	"	7	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Lewis Co., Mo.	1846
W. H. Stewart	"	19	"	Fairfax Co., Va.	1843
N. D. Starr	"	16	"	Berk Co., N. Y.	1858
Jas. Milton Marks	"	5	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1839
Geo. W. Patee	"	16	"	Cayuga Co., N. Y.	1843
J. Sinn	"	36	Dealer in Wines, Liquors &c.	"	1853
Lucian D. Patee	"	8	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Lewis Co., Mo.	1856
Thos. A. Davis	"	2	"	"	1853
M. H. Hawkins	"	23	"	"	1853

TOWN 60 NORTH. RANGE 7 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
E. F. Harry	Gilead	7	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Blue Hill, Me.	1876
D. C. Smith	Tolona	6	"	Clark Co., Ky.	1860
T. W. Hotchkiss	"	6	" and Lumberman	Butler Co., O.	1866
J. G. Hall	Gilead	5	Miller	Albermarle Co., Va.	1840
J. B. Shackelford	Durham	21	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Harden Co., Ky.	1836
James Lay	La Grange	12	"	Union Co., Ky.	1834
J. P. Frame	Gilead	4	Physician and Surgeon	Lewis Co., Mo.	1837
Isaiah Jones	"	3	Merchant	Kennebec Co., Me.	1868
Wm. Fletcher	Durham	22	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Pendleton Co., Ky.	1853
Geo. Weatherly	Maywood	36	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1842
Thomas Pulliam	"	25	"	Culpepper Co., Va.	1838
Margaret Ball	Durham	13	"	Fauquier Co., Va.	1838
Edward Selves	La Grange	12	"	Kent Co., Eng.	1842
Wesley C. Care	Durham	14	"	Marion Co., Mo.	1867
Wm. Olor	Gilead	9	"	Harrison Co., Ky.	1853

TOWN 60 NORTH. RANGE 8 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
E. R. Haycraft	Lewistown	20	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Harden Co., Ky.	1831
J. L. Cason	Gilead	15	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1836
Chas. H. Stevens	Ben Dow, ^{near} Stanton	33	"	Alexandria, Va.	1836
S. M. Haycraft	^{Stanton, Shelby Co.}	33	"	Harden Co., Ky.	1835
D. N. Graves	Lewistown	21	"	Pendleton Co., Ky.	1857
John Stokley	Gilead	22	"	Montgomery Co., Ky.	1841
J. D. McCann	"	25	"	Pendleton Co., Ky.	1836
R. D. Haycraft	^{Stanton, Shelby Co.}	34	"	Morgan Co., Ills.	1835
Wm. Young	Tolona	2	"	Germany	1858
H. Kershbaum	"	1	"	Prussia	1857

TOWN 61 NORTH. RANGE 8 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
E. W. Cooter	Lewistown	9	Farmer and Ex-Co. Surveyor	Green Co., Tenn.	1846
N. R. Hall	"	15	Farmer and Stock Raiser	New Albany, Ind.	1830
D. W. Christie	"	10	"	Frederick Co., Va.	1855
Jno. F. Christie	"	10	"	Frederick Co., Va.	1855
Thos. Stowers	"	5	"	Pendleton Co., Ky.	1834
T. W. Ammerman	"	20	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1838
Wm. T. Humphrey	"	23	"	Harrison Co., Ky.	1839
John Nelson	Monticello	12	"	Jessamine Co., Ky.	1864
R. S. Driscoll	Lewistown	17	Physician & Surgeon	Lewis Co., Mo.	1833
W. L. Beacock	"	30	Attorney & Counsellor-at-Law	Lewis Co., Mo.	1856

TOWN 62 NORTH. RANGE 8 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
C. S. Williams	Bunker Hill	23	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Lewis Co., Mo.	1833
J. H. Caldwell	Monticello	36	Prop. Monticello Flouring Mill	Lewis Co., Mo.	1845
John Shanks, Jr.	Bunker Hill	11	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Lincoln Co., Ky.	1834
Wm. M. McCutchen	"	1	"	Rockbridge Co., Va.	1876

TOWN 63 NORTH. RANGE 8 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
R. C. Risk	Williamstown	21	Druggist and Physician	Woodford Co., Ky.	1842
John L. Carlin	"	21	General Merchandise	Adams Co., Ills.	1844
Ben. Kell	"	21	Hardware, Groceries & ^{Public}	Lewis Co., Mo.	1842

TOWN 63 NORTH. RANGE 9 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
R. G. Hawkins	Deer Ridge	26	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Lewis Co., Mo.	1832
Mathias Pugh	"	32	"	Carroll Co., Ohio.	1840
Granville Scott	"	21	"	Hardin Co., Ky.	1852

TOWN 62 NORTH. RANGE 9 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
D. Y. Foor	La Belle	34	Farmer, Carpenter and Builder	Ohio	1853
S. G. Buckner	"	36	" and Stock Raiser	Missouri	1844
Harvey Hinkson	"	28	"	Kentucky	1838

TOWN 61 NORTH. RANGE 9 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
Wm. Triplett	La Belle	4	Ex-Cashier La Belle Savings Bk	Hardin Co., Ky.	1856
B. Fisher	"	5	Druggist	Rolls Co., Mo.	1841
A. L. McQuary	"	5	Saddler and Harness Maker	Hancock Co., Ills.	1873
W. F. Haldaman	"	5	Hardware Merchant	Fayette Co., Pa.	1857
W. L. Arnold	Lewistown	24	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Boone Co., Mo.	1856
J. D. Pierce	"	23	"	Garrett Co., Ky.	1841
T. S. Flack	"	25	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1860
W. O. Flack	"	25	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1862
J. H. La Rue	La Belle	27	Farmer & Stock ^{Holder, Part Master of}	Hardin Co., Ky.	1838
G. S. Bradshaw	"	28	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Lewis Co., Mo.	1842
T. S. Kendrick	"	21	"	Washington Co., Ky.	1836
W. A. Pierce	"	29	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1845
A. R. Brooking	"	18	"	Gloster Co., Md.	1833
F. Bourn	"	15	"	Jessamine Co., Ky.	1830
John H. Wright	"	11	"	Franklin Co., Ky.	1843
John Wildman	"	17	"	Green Co., Pa.	1858
Alex. Smith	"	7	President La Belle Savings Bank	St. Charles Co., Mo.	1868
M. M. Buford	"	6	Farmer, Stock Raiser & ^{Co. Assessor}	Lewis Co., Mo.	1856
Joseph Layton	"	13	Farmer & Stock ^{Holder, Part Master of}	Cambridgeshire, Eng	1868

TOWN 60 NORTH. RANGE 9 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
John T. Hall	Steffenville	28	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Breckinridge Co., Ky.	1866
J. T. Throckmorton	Newark, ^{Knex Co.}	8	"	Bourbon Co., Ky.	1844
Conrad Steffen	"	18	"	Germany	1843
Wm. M. Kaylor	"	18	"	Harper's Ferry, Va.	1835
George Seeber	"	21	"	Schenectady, N. Y.	1841
Adam Steffen	Steffenville	27	"	Adams Co., Ills.	1863
J. W. Cissna	"	22	"	Cumberland Co., Pa.	1865
F. Homerighousen	"	28	"	Prussia	1874
Henry Steffen	"	27	Prop. Steffenville Steam ^{New and}	Germany	1876
Fred. Feigenspan	Nelsonville	35	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Germany	1866

TOWN 63 NORTH. RANGE 6 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
B. J. Hardin	Canton	34	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Lewis Co., Mo.	1838
Z. Leatherman	"	22	"	Hampshire Co., Va.	1856
Daniel Ligon	"	30	"	Amelia Co., Va.	1836

TOWN 63 NORTH. RANGE 7 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
John J. Bader	Canton	36	Farmer & Stock Raiser	Lewis Co., Mo.	1838
H. L. Long	"	25	"	Hawkins Co. E. Tenn	1835

TOWN 62 NORTH. RANGE 7 WEST.

NAME.	POST-OFFICE.	SECTION	BUSINESS.	NATIVITY.	Settled in County
William M. Berford	Monticello	36	Farmer, Stock Raiser & Feeder	Amherst Co., Va.	1839
J. P. Caldwell	"	31	Prop. Monticello Flouring Mill	Bath Co., Ky.	1839
J. F. Bumbarger	"	20	Farmer and Stock Raiser	Harrison Co., Ky.	1852
W. H. Bumbarger	"	20	"	"	1869
L. B. Clay	"	21	"	Bourbon Co., Ky.	1871
S. M. Ramsey	Bunker Hill	7	"	Lewis Co., Mo.	1845
Jo. N. McCutchen	"	6	"	Augusta Co., Va.	1836
Addison Turner	Canton	9	"	Clark Co., Mo.	1847
F. F. Fishback	Monticello	3			